Founders Metals

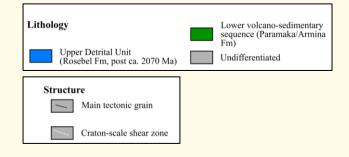
Antino Gold Project Structural Settings & Gold Mineralization Vincent Combes, Chief Geologist, PhD, & the Founders Metals Exploration Team

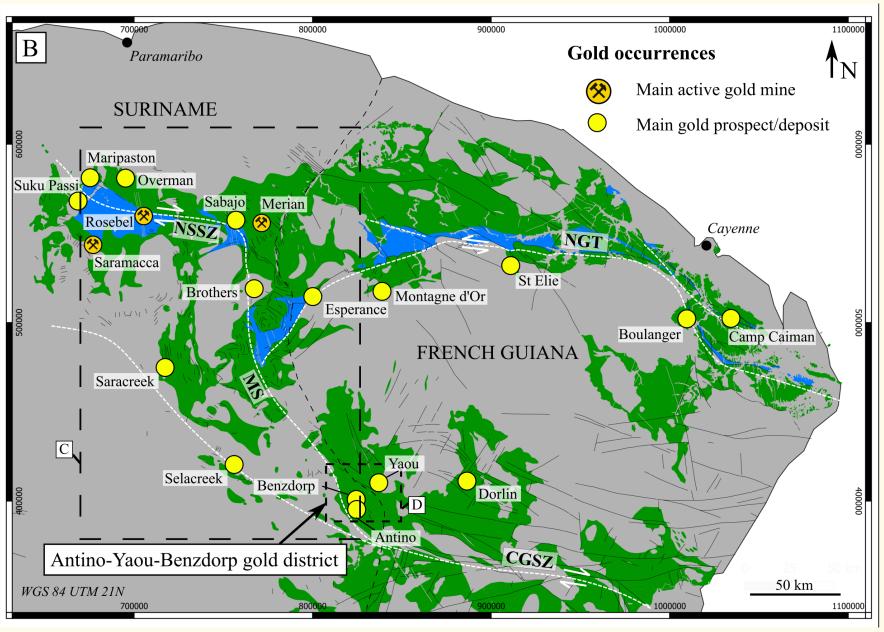
TSX-V FDR

FDRMETALS.COM

< The Antino Gold Project Within The Guiana Shield

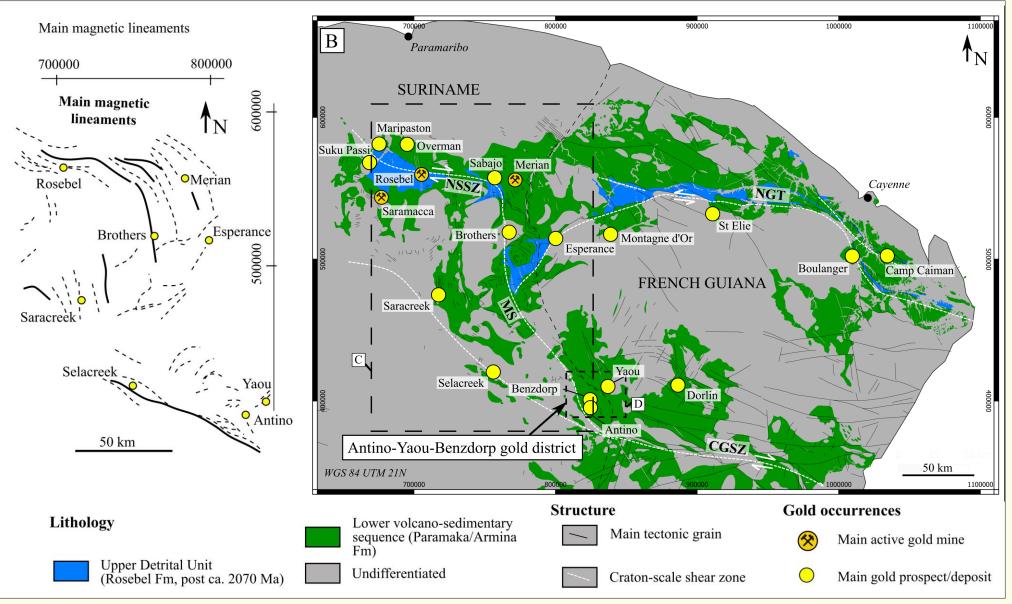
- NE part of Guiana Shield
- 3 active mines







A The Antino Gold Project Within The Guiana Shield

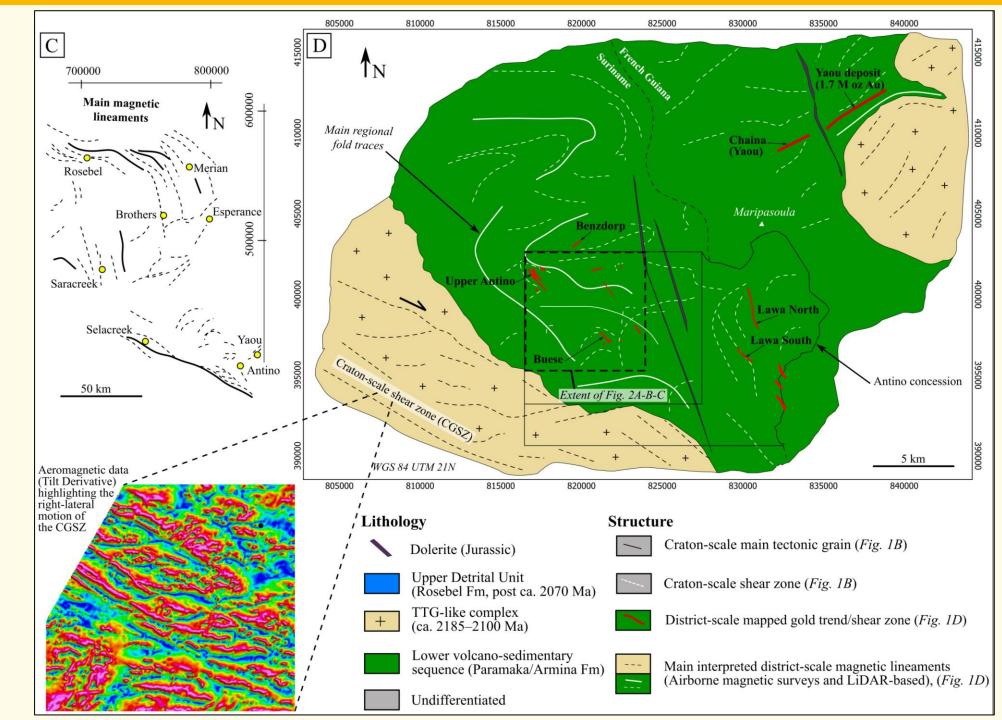




Gold district

- Prolific gold district
- Yaou-Benzdorp-Antino
- Large fold traces in volcanosedimentary sequence
- First, second/third order structures
- Multiple gold trends (sz and intrusion hosted)
- CGSZ strike slip dextral, steeply dipping to NW, horizontal

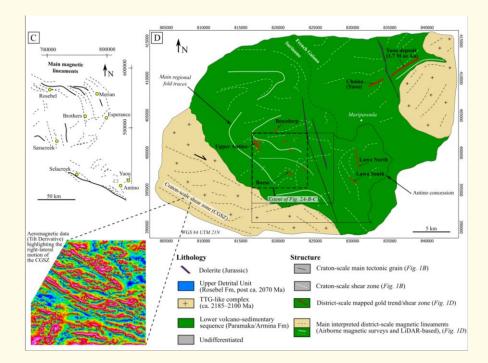
Founders

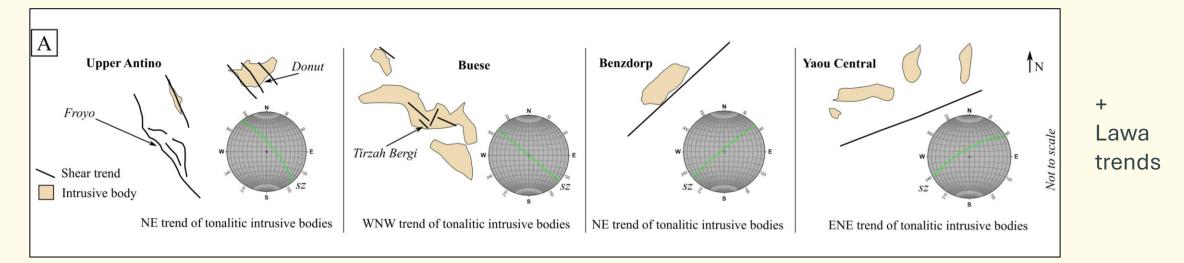


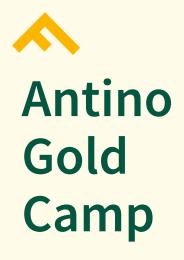


Gold district

• At least 9 identified areas with tonalitic intrusion-hosted orogenic gold mineralization in the district







404000

403000

402000

401000

400000

399000

398000

397000

396000

395000

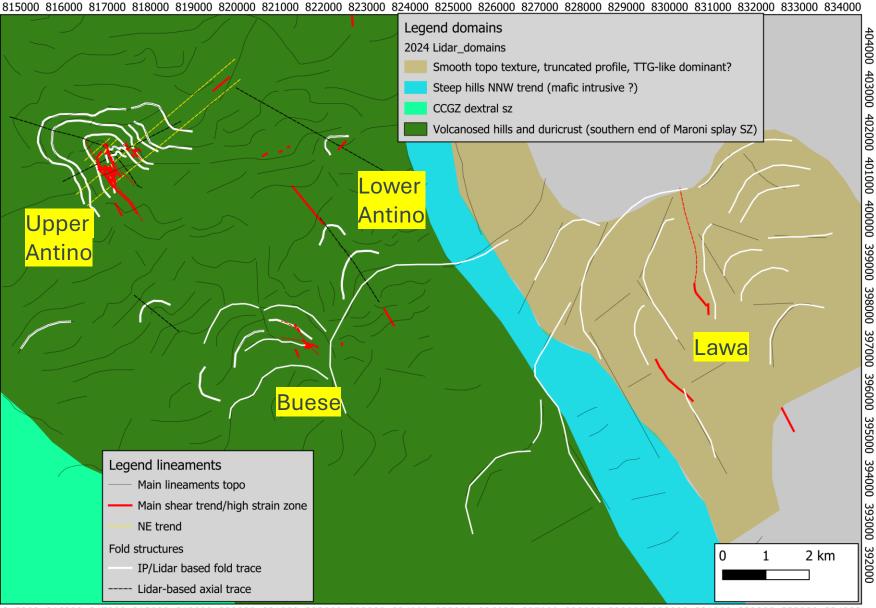
394000

393000

392000

- Concession
- Multiple Aubearing shear structure
- ENE main fabric
- Spatial association with fold structures
- Both shear zone and intrusionhosted orogenic gold system

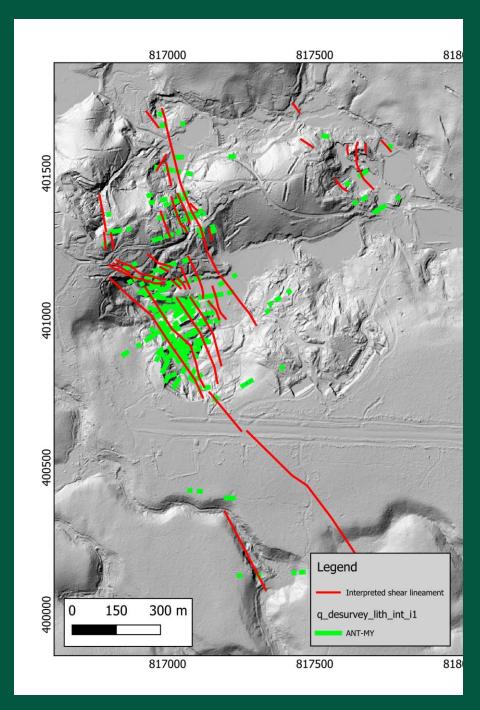
Founders



815000 816000 817000 818000 819000 820000 821000 822000 823000 824000 825000 826000 827000 828000 829000 830000 831000 832000 833000 834000

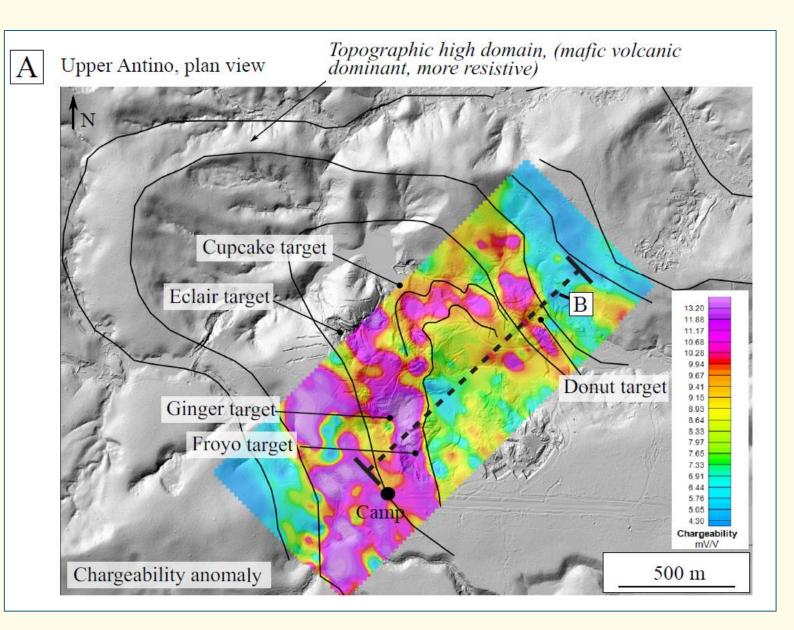
Upper Antino Exploration Target





Upper Antino

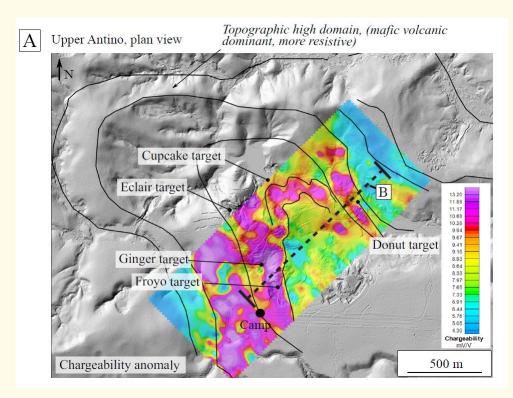
- Fold closure of NW plunging fold structure
- Based on mapping, Lidar and IP



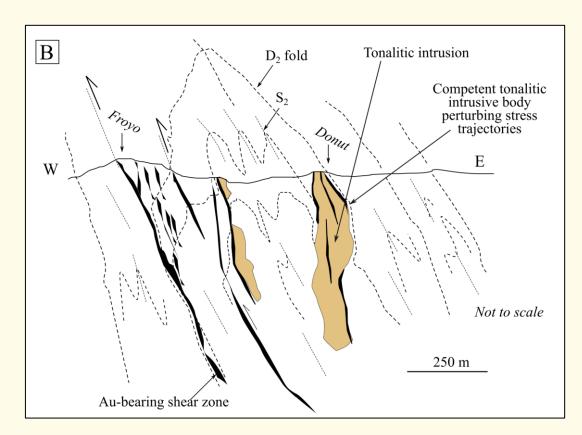




- Fold closure of NW plunging fold structure
- Based on mapping, Lidar and IP



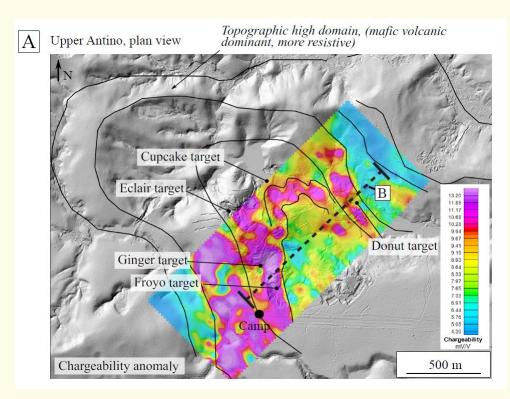
• Froyo East dipping, Cupcake and Donut West dipping

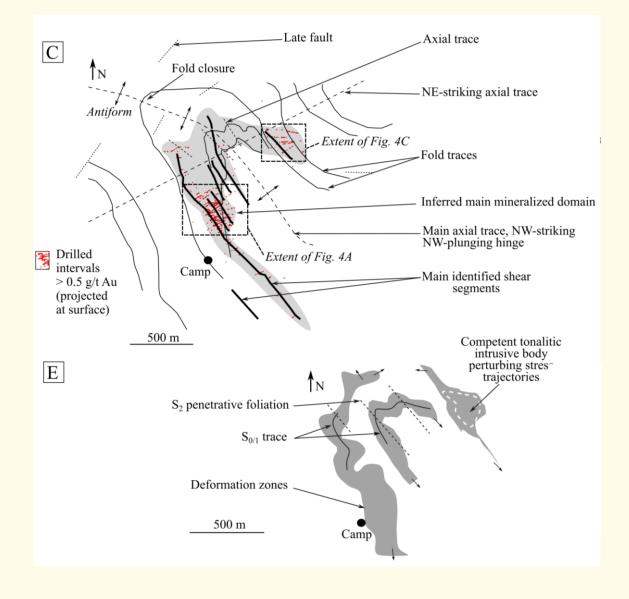






- Fold closure of NW plunging fold structure
- Based on mapping, Lidar and IP

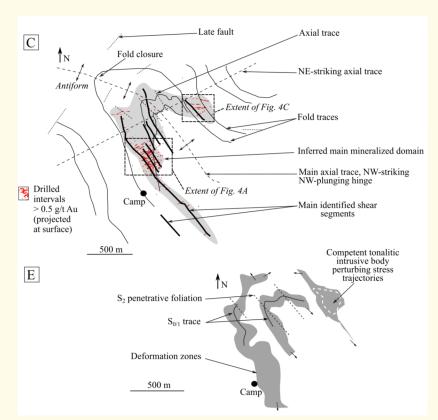


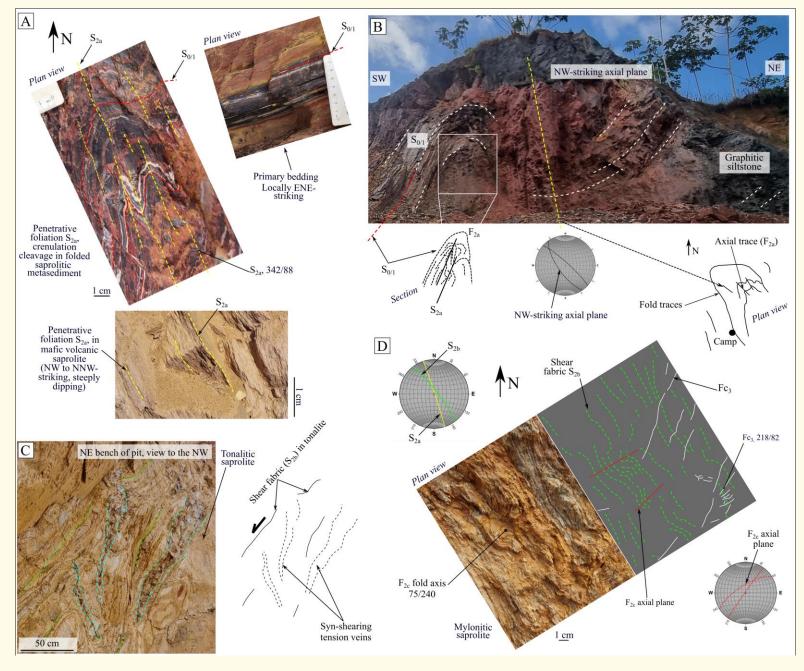




Upper Antino

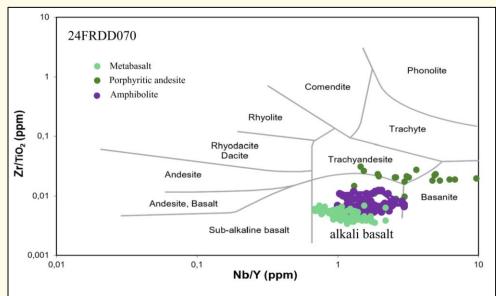
- Fold closure of NW plunging fold structure
- Based on mapping, Lidar and IP



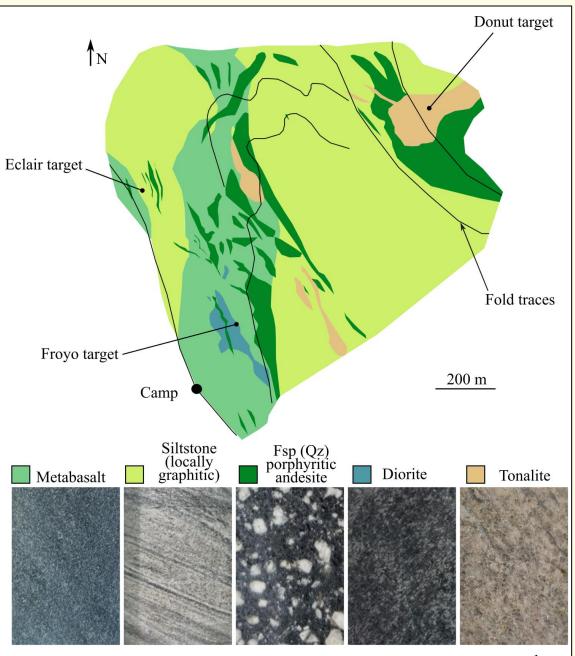


Opper Antino

• Main lithologies







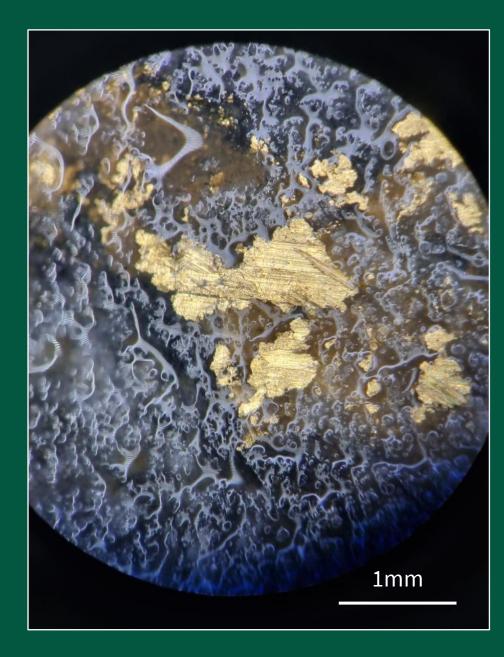


1 cm

12

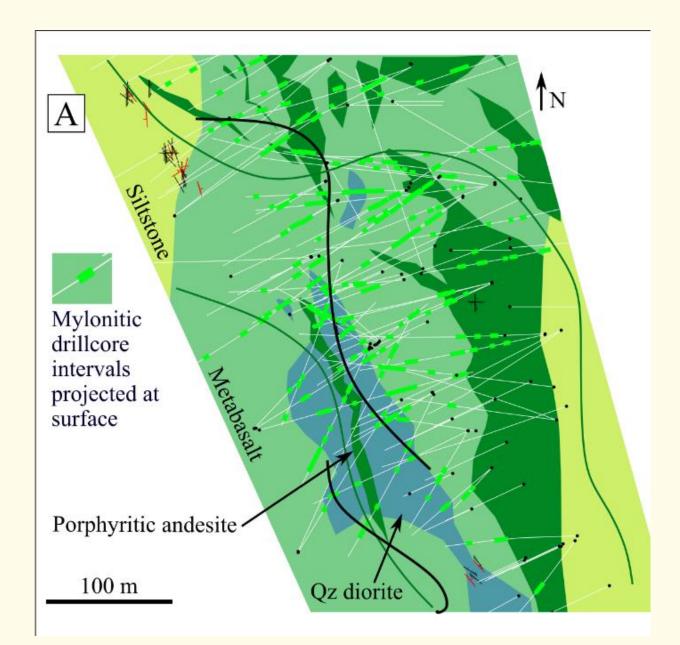
Upper Antino 2023-2024 Drill Target





Froyo-Ginger Drill Target

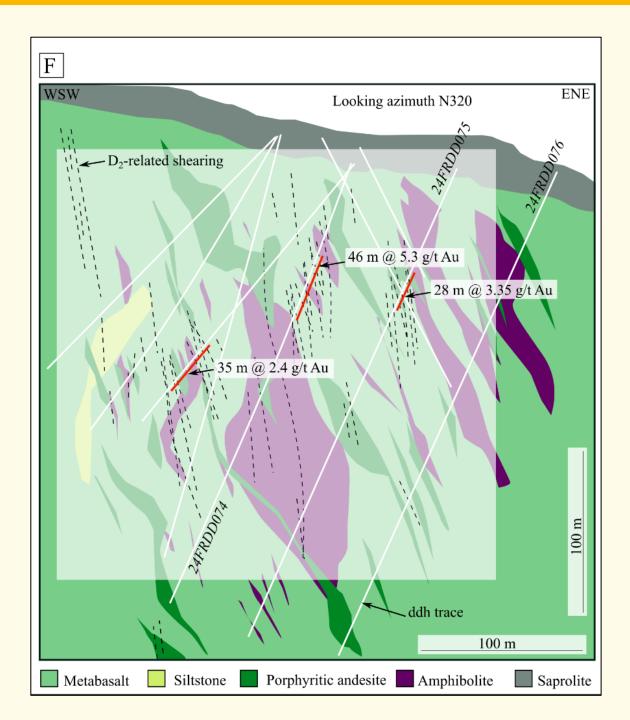
- > 200m wide ore zone
- Strain accumulation at litho contacts
- Shear zones reusing preexisting fabric
- Porphyritic andesite targeted as preferential host for shear development (widest sz when contact porphyritic andesite with other litho)





Froyo-Ginger Drill Target

- > 200m wide ore zone
- Strain accumulation at litho contacts
- Shear zones reusing preexisting fabric
- Porphyritic andesite targeted as preferential host for shear development (widest sz when contact porphyritic andesite with other litho)

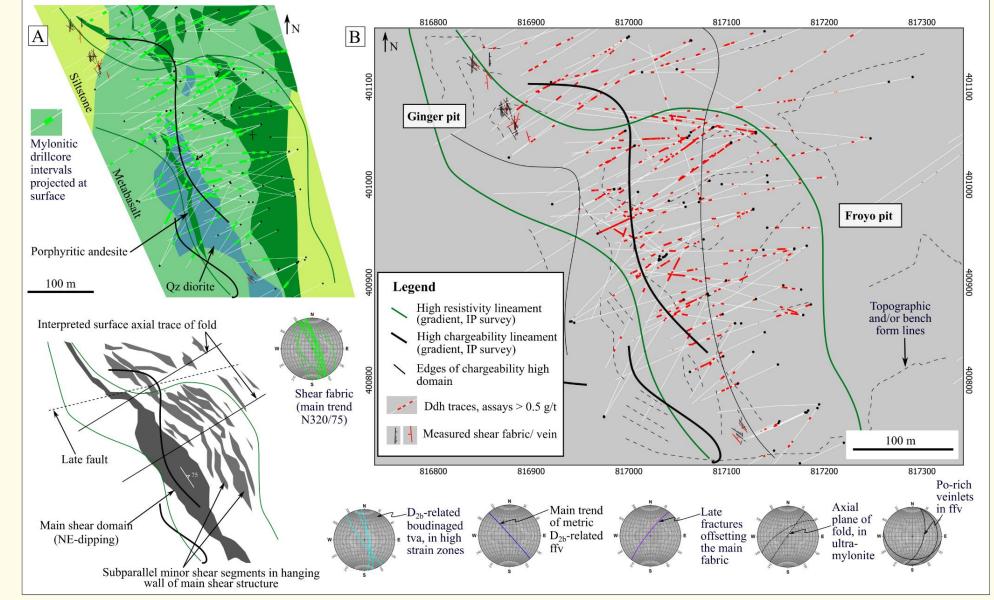






 1 main shear with massive metric ffv

- And multiple subparallel shears to the east
- Fold structure with NE axial traces

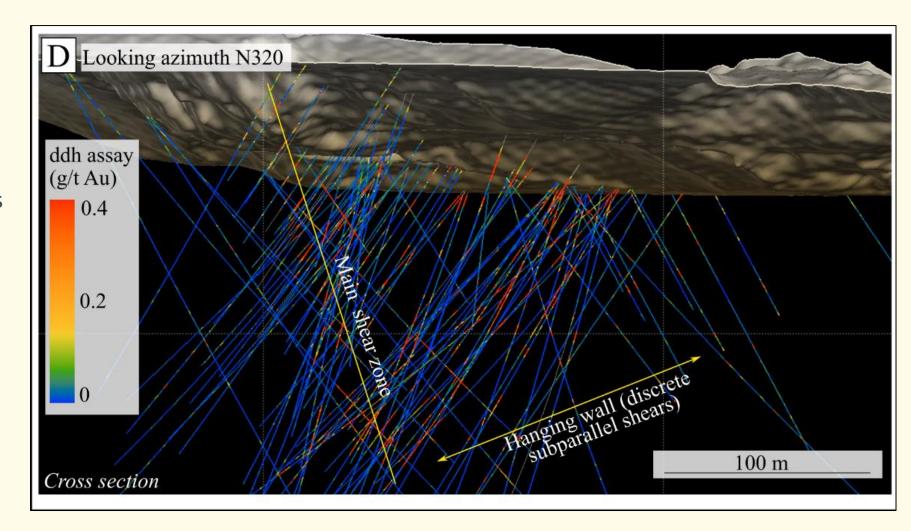






Interesting width:38m, 45m or 26m long intervals

• > 200m wide ore zone



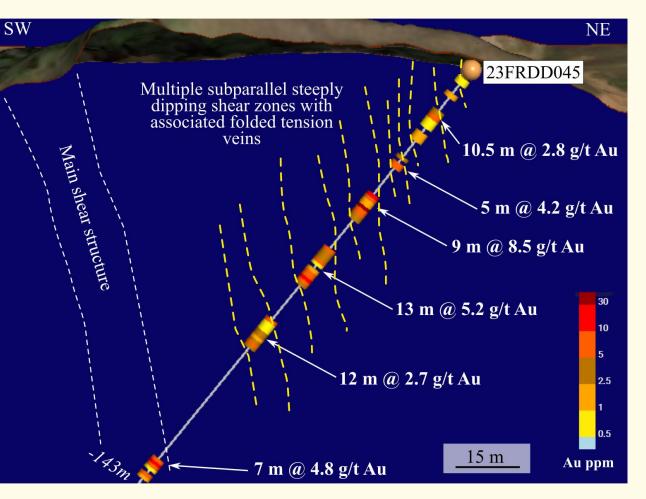




Froyo-Ginger Drill Target

- Interesting width: 38m, 45m or 26m long intervals
- > 200m wide ore zone
- Multiple ore zones: example hole FRDD45
- Best Intervals Include:

Hole ID	Intervals
Drillhole 24GG013	44.0 m @ 2.05 g/t Au
Drillhole 24FR74	46 m @ 5,31 g/t
Drillhole 24GG04	38 m @ 10.90 g/t Au
Drillhole 23FR030	26.00 m @ 6.35 g/t Au
Drillhole 23FR027	10.50 m @ 8.91 g/t Au from Froyo-Ginger Connector Zone
Drillhole 23FR025	45.79 m @ 4.06 g/t
Drillhole 23FR014	15.50 m @ 30.72 g/t including 5.80 m @ 54.61 g/t







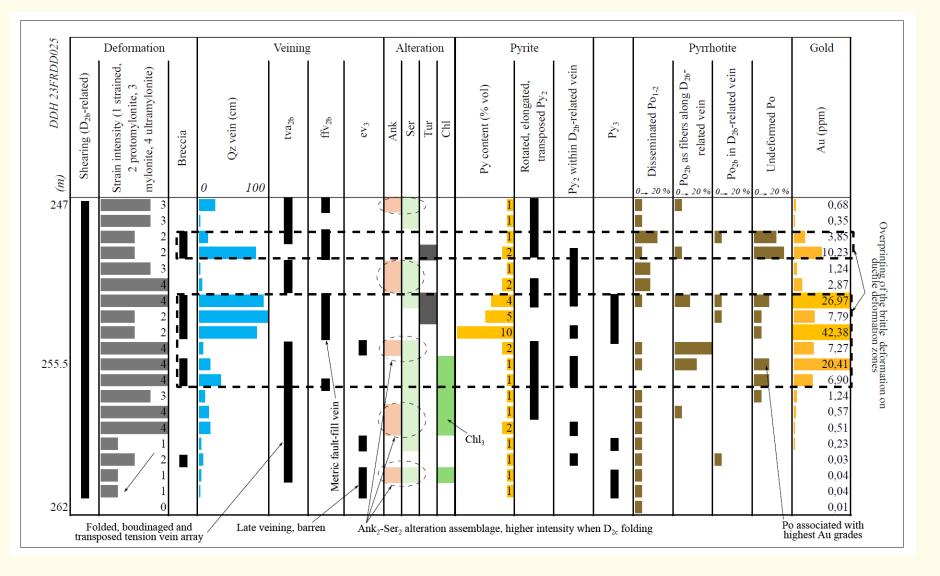
- Very High grade intervals
- Highest grade in the NW extension : 1.0 m @ 434.98 g/t Au

Founders Example high grade gold mineralization: drillhole 23FRDD014 Metals To (m) Assay (g/t Au) From (m) 63 64 1,19 47,3 65 64 65 66 49,58 15,45 66 67 67 68 2,372 3,97 68 69 70 3,97 69 70 71 27,6 72 71 64,84 73 72 9,73 74 73 147,87 74 75 37,83 76 75 34,22 cm 76 77 7,9 77 78 14,45 0.43 m @ 0.58 m @ 1 m @ 1 m @ 1 m @ 79 78 23,42 49.58 g/t Au 85.85 g/t Au 147.87 g/t Au 60.7 g/t Au 34.22 g/t Au 79 80 0,321 from 71 m from 75 m from 65 m from 73 m from 74.57 m Example 1m @ 231.92 g/t Au from 31m visible gold Example high grade gold HQ core drillhole mineralization: drillhole 23FRDD044 23FRDD026 1 cm Oz veir 1m @ 52.72 g/t Au from 30m 1m @ 231.92 g/t Au from 31m ЮH ∂N core 1 cm l cm cm



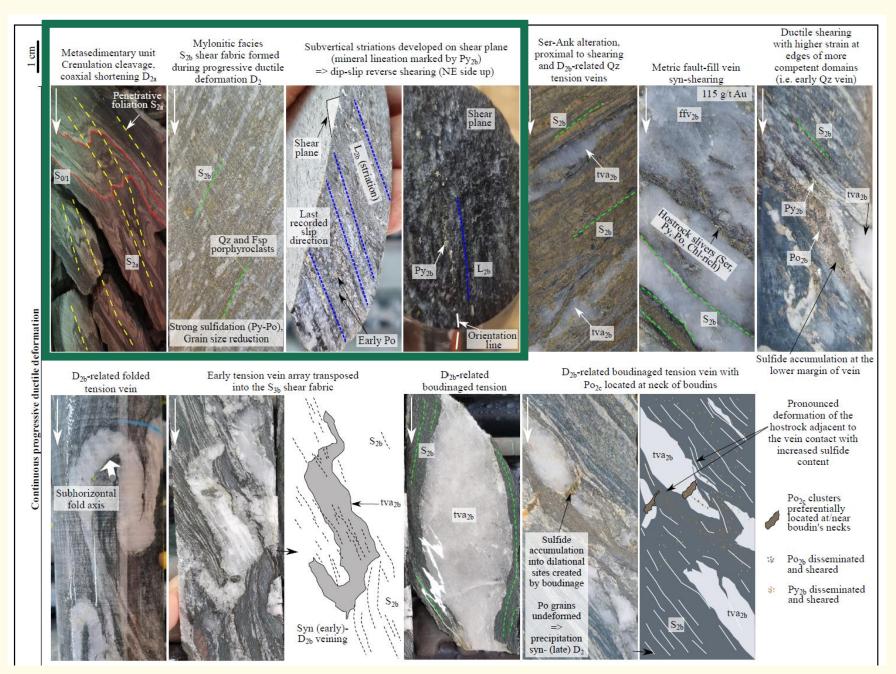


- Complex controls on gold content:
 - Importance of preexisting features
 - Importance of folding
 - Importance of brittle over-printing



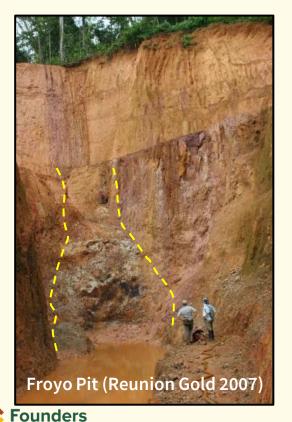


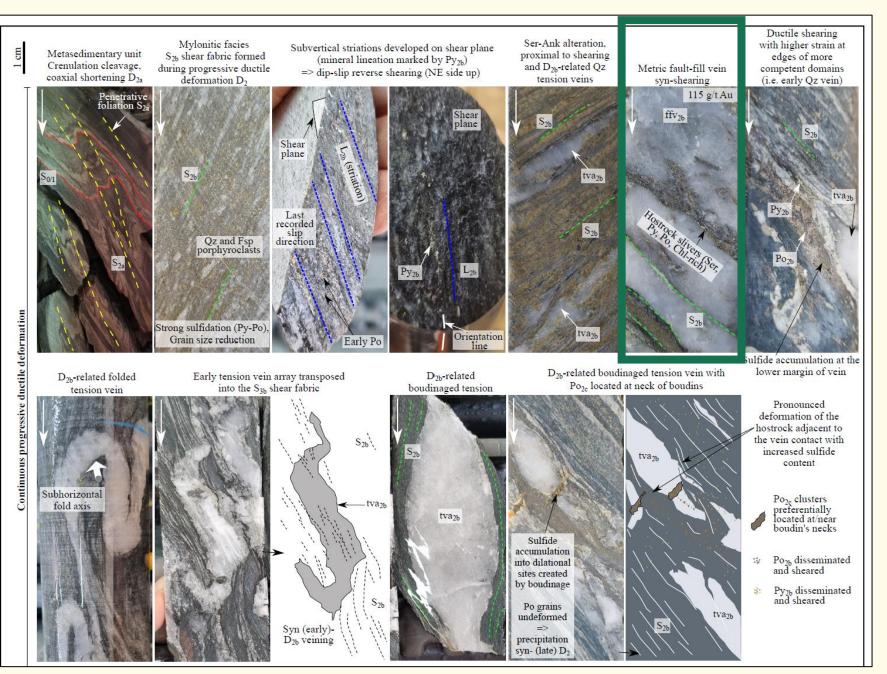
 Deformation stages and vein system





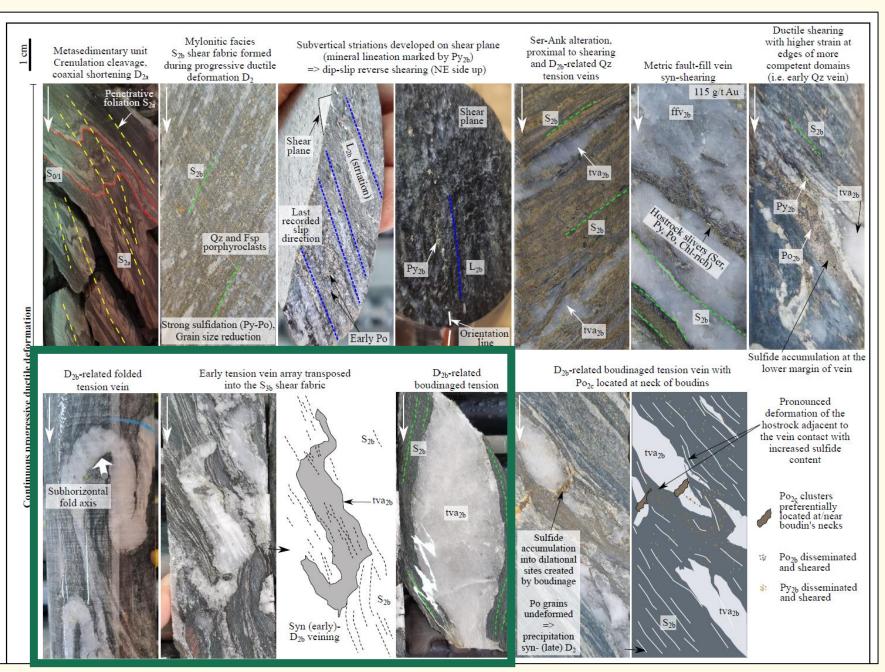
 Deformation stages and vein system





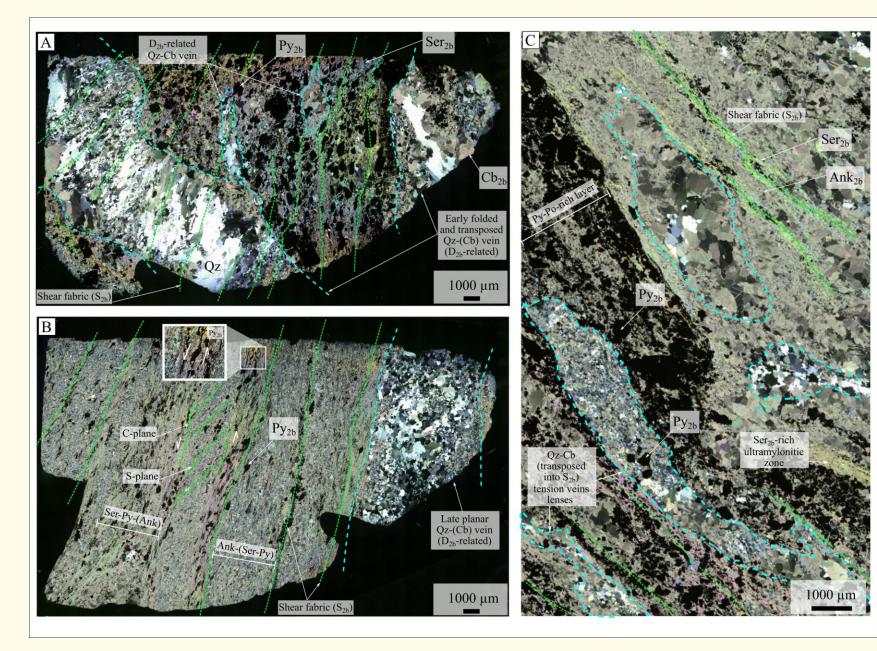
22

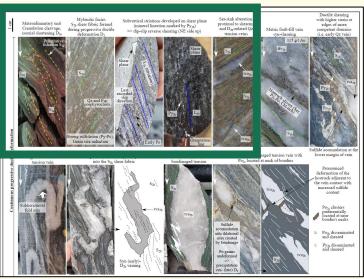
 Deformation stages and vein system



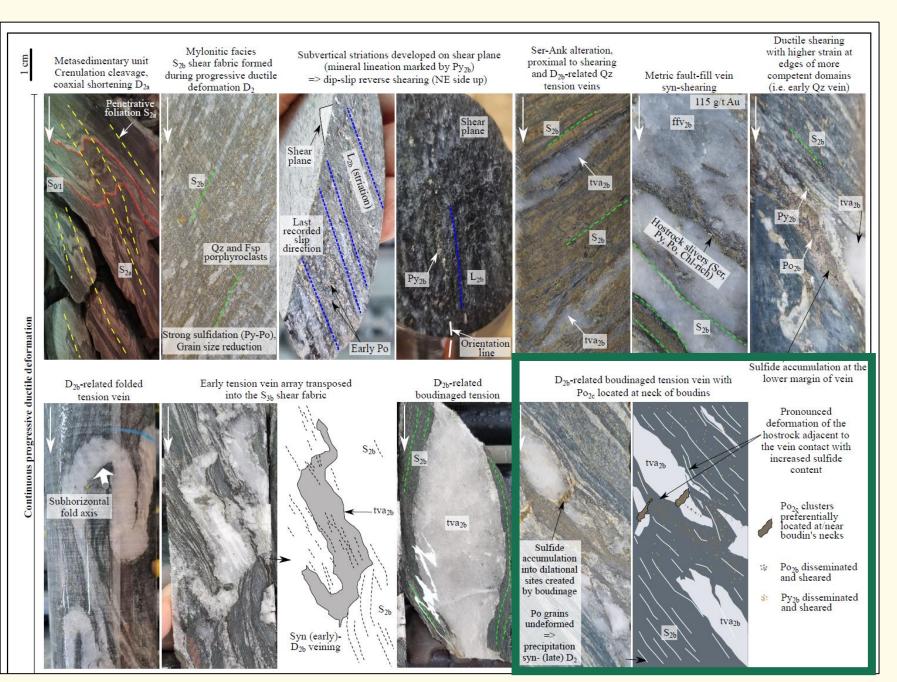


 Deformation stages and vein system



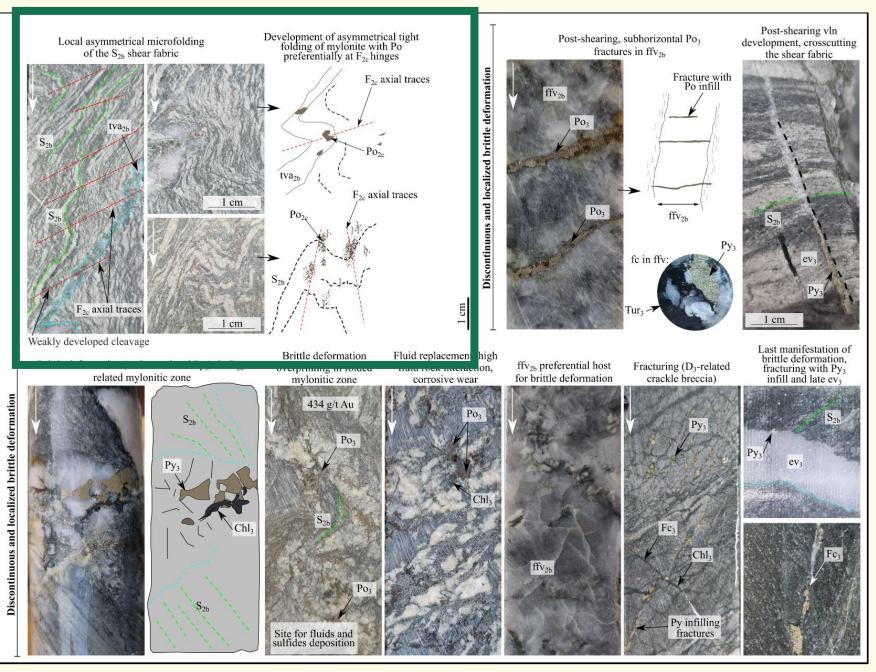


- Deformation stages and vein system
- During subsequent deformation the vein will fold/boudinage creating low stress sites that will focus the deposition of subsequent hydrothermal fluids



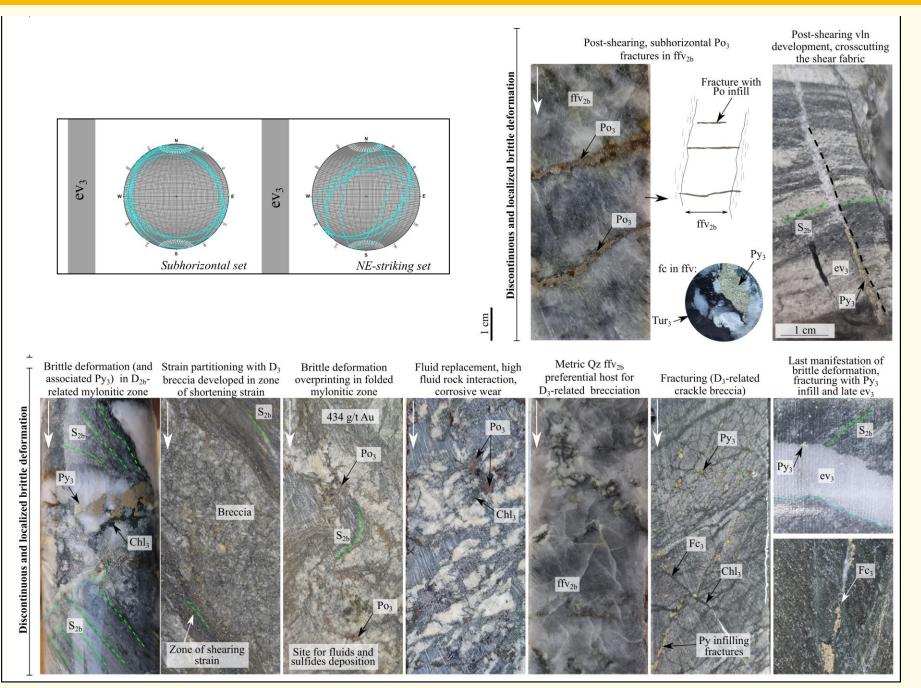


 Deformation stages and vein system

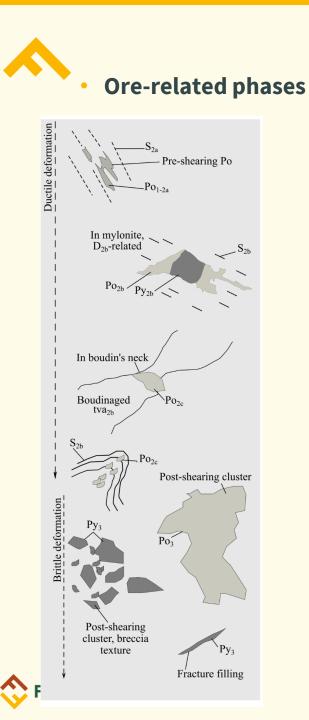


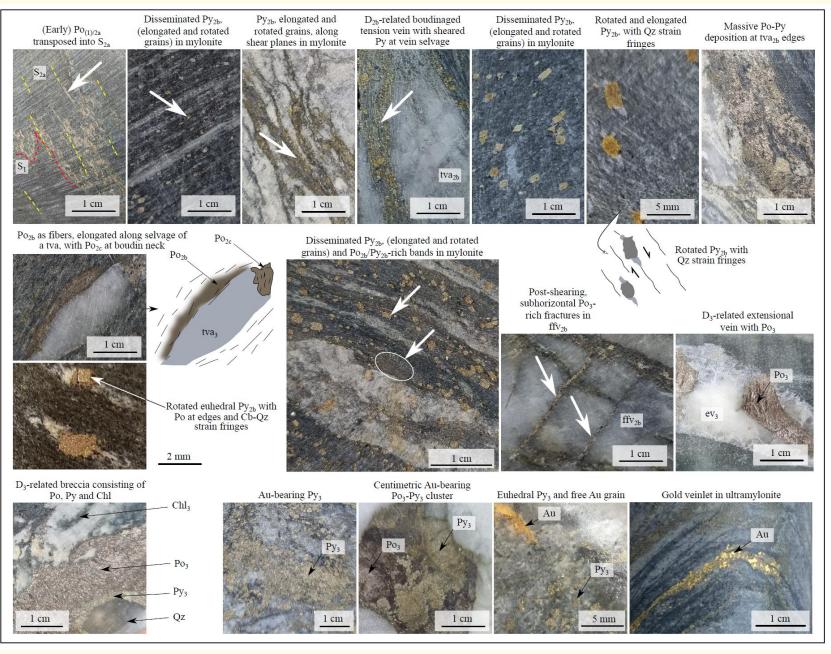


- Deformation stages and vein system
- Discontinuous and localized brittle def

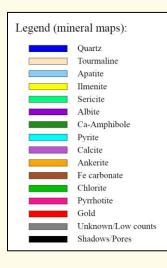


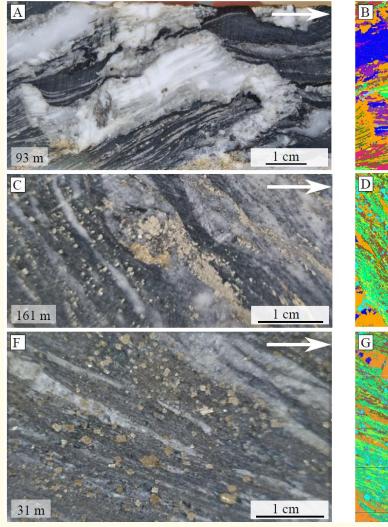


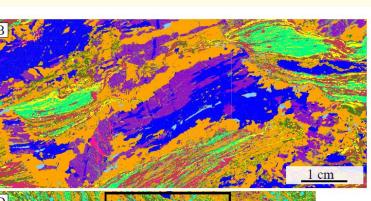


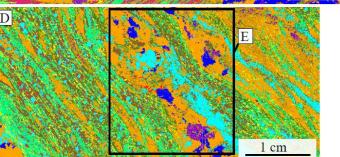


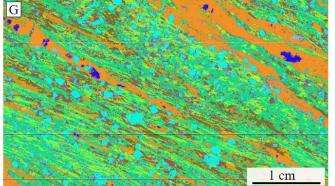
- Ore-related phases
- μxrf drillcore scans

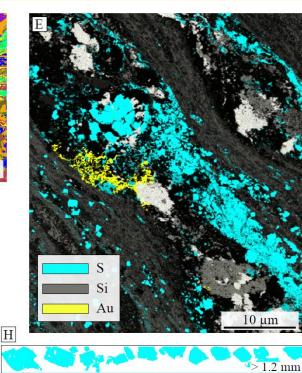










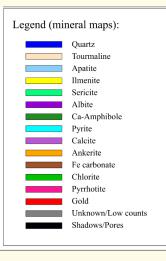


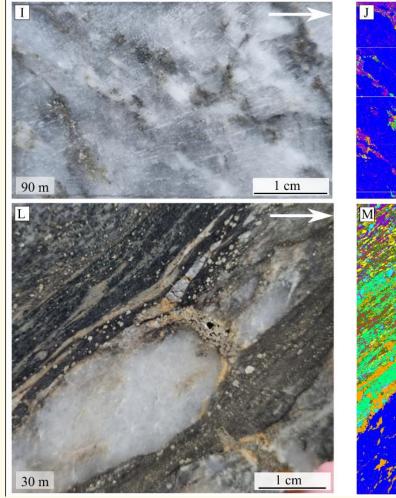


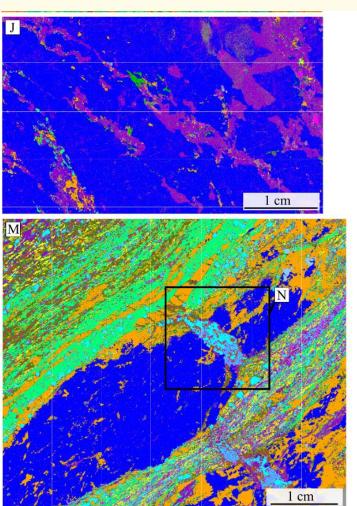


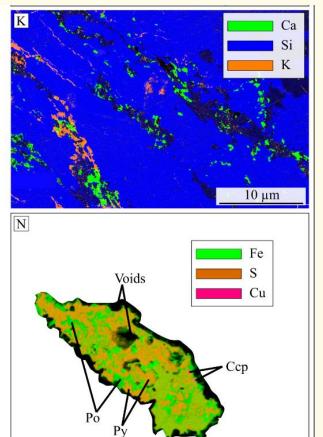


- Ore-related phases
- μxrf drillcore scans





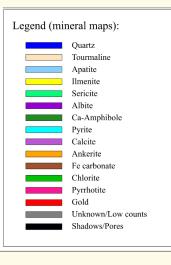


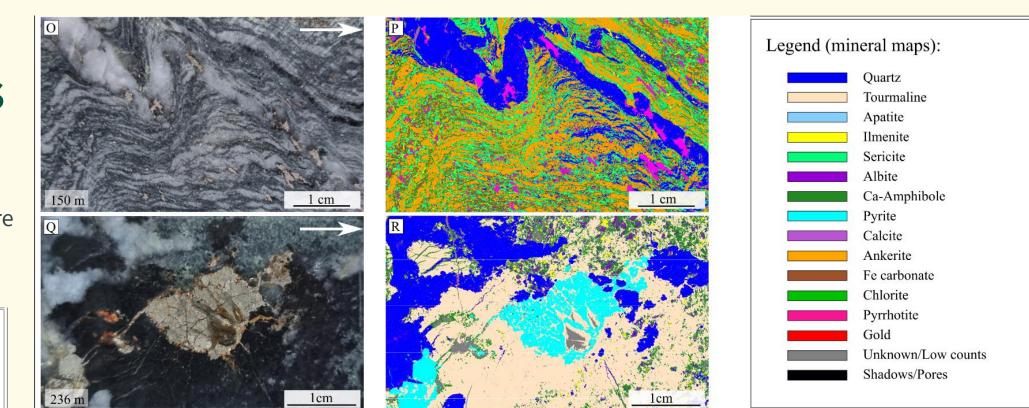




5 µm

- Ore-related phases
- µxrf drillcore scans

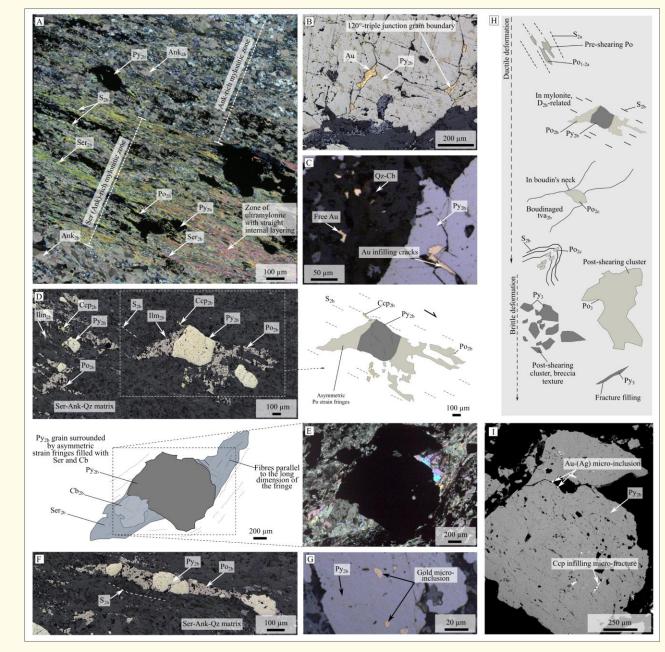






Au Controls at the core-scale

- Gold occurs mainly as:
 - 1. free gold in quartz carbonate veins
 - 2. free gold within sericite-(ankerite)-rich mylonite, and as both
 - 3. micro-inclusions
 - 4. gold infill in microfractures/cracks/grain joints within sheared pyrite grains related to the local D2b deformation stage







Founders

		Protracted/progressive ductile deformation						
		Continuous deformation						
Deformation stage (Antino gold camp)	D ₀ (pre-tectonic)	D ₁	D _{2a}	D _{2b}	D _{2c}	D ₃		
Lithology			1					
Ĩ	Metabasalt (Chl, Ep)	_						
	Amphibolite (Amp, Fsp,							
	Chl, Ep)	-						
Metavolcanic unit	(phenocrysts Fsp, Qz,							
	groundmass Amp, Chl,							
	Fsp, Qz)							
	Siltstone (Cb, Qz, Fsp)	_						
	locally silicified							
Metasedimentary unit	Sandstone	_						
	Graphite-rich siltstone	_						
	Qz diorite (Qz, Chl, Mag,							
Intrusive rocks	Amp)			_				
indusive rocks		Tonalite (least altered con						
		Cb), displays xenoliths o	of metavolcanics					
Compressional folding			F2a		F2c			
			12a					
	Plan view 1_{N}				and second			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second se			
				`` ``	Subsequent ductile deformation,	4 4		
				×	veins will fold/boudinage	Local brittle		
Deformation			Main compression, coaxial		creating low stress sites (focusing			
		First cryptic	deformation, first folding	Dip-slip shearing at lithological		trend, brecciation,		
		compression (NW-SE		contacts and reusing pre-existing	Deflection, bending of shear	fluid replacement		
		shortening), ENE	plunging fold with NW-	cleavages, average shear plane		late fracturing, E-		
		folded	striking axial plane, NE- SW shortening	N320/55-75, important strain gradient, up to ultramylonite	reactivation with strike-slip motion?	to NE-SW late district scale fault		
		loided	5 w shortening	gradient, up to utrainyjointe	motion:	district scale laun		
Planar fabric		1	-					
	S _{0/1}	\sim	1					
	07 X	\sim						
		S_{2a} crenulation of		~*				
		main penetrative NW to NNW-str	S _{2b} shea	r fabric, strain fringes on	~			
		locally bended,	parallel to sunde	1.0	E-striking axial traces	<u> </u>		
		NW-striking F2		uction	NE-striking	IC ₃ /2		
Dip-slip shearing					_			
1 1 8								
Reactivation strike-								

TSX-V FDR

33



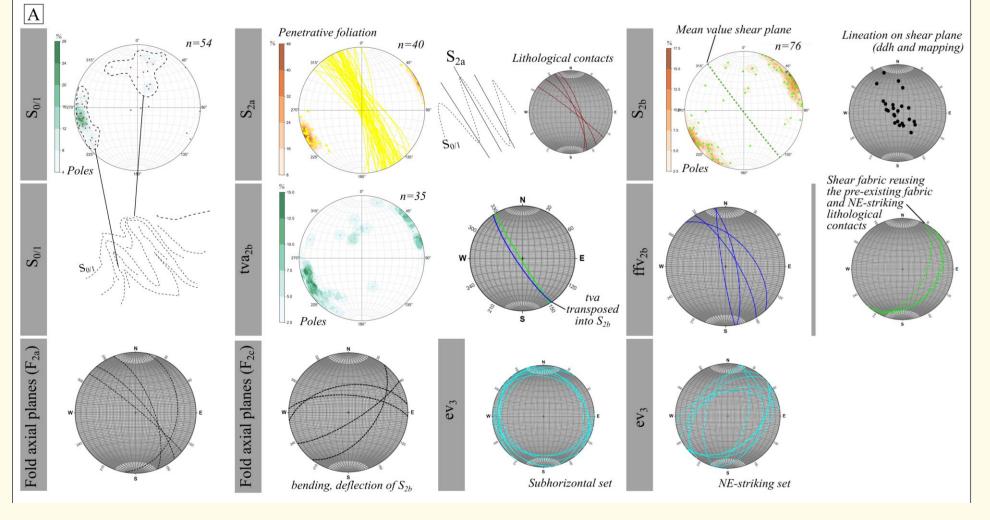
		Protracted/progressive ductile deformation Continuous deformation					Brittle deformation Localized deformation	
Deformation stage (Antino gold camp)	D ₀ (pre-tectonic)	D1	D_2a	D _{2b}		D _{2c}	D ₃	
Vietamorphism	Greenschist facies (Chl, Ep) to locally amphibolite							
Vein system								
Qz-Ab tva			_	Early tva	Late	-shearing tva		
ffv _{2b}								
transposition of tva								
boudinage of tva								
fc3								
ev ₃ subhorizontal								
ev3 NE-striking								
breccia, corrosive wear								
fracture in ffv								
Vein composition			_	Qz, Ab, Cb, Ank, Chl	, Tur		Qz, Cb	
				Si, Ab			Q2, 00	
		Ē	p, (Ser, Cb)				Tur, Fe-Cb,	
Hydrothermal Ilteration				Ser (Ank, Chl) proximal to s			Ab, Cb, Chl	
				Ank at selvages of ty	a, Tur	Ank, Si	/	
Ore related phases				Sheared, rotated, elonga		y _{2c} in low stress sites		
	Py _{0?}	Po _{1/2a} , transpos	ed into S _{2a}	Py _{2b} , Cep _{2b} , Sp _{2b}	(in be mylo	oudin neck and folded nite)	Po3 as cluster, H (Py3 after Po3 ?	
Gold events				First gold endown		mobilization and/or w gold input	Remobilization and/or new goin input	





Froyo-Ginger Target Summary

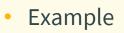
- Oriented Core
- Overview





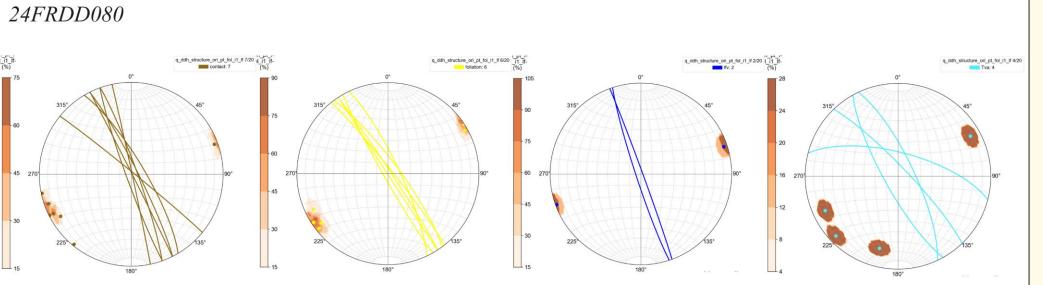
1_11_lf-(%)



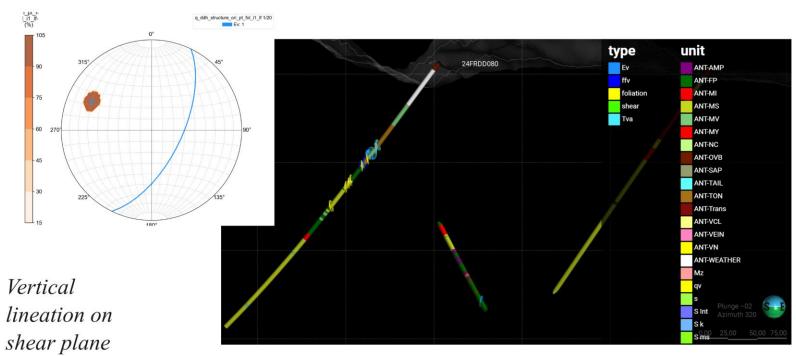


Hole 80 •

Founders









24FRDD082

n_pt_il_i1_lf-(%)

35

30

- 25

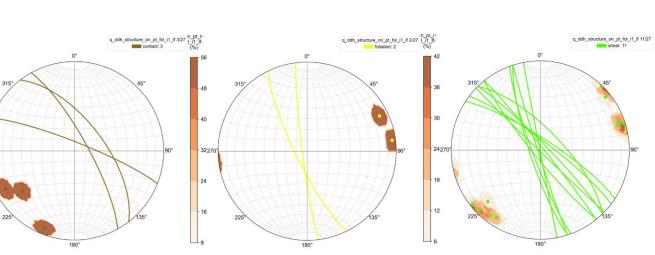
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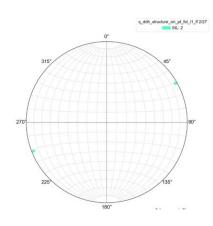
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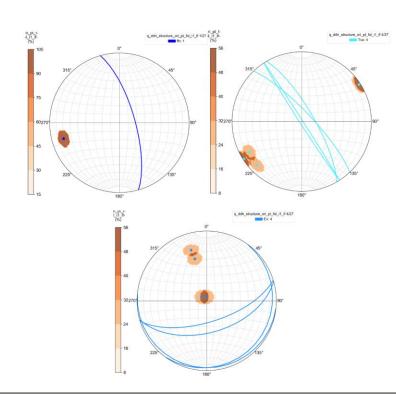
- 10

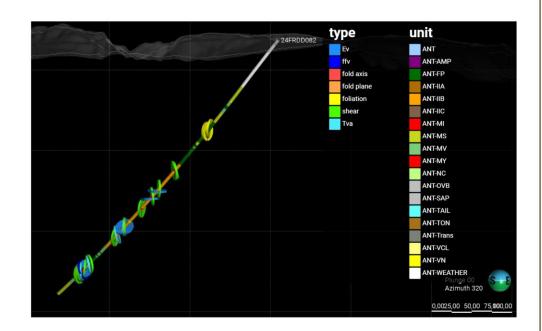


• Hole 82









37

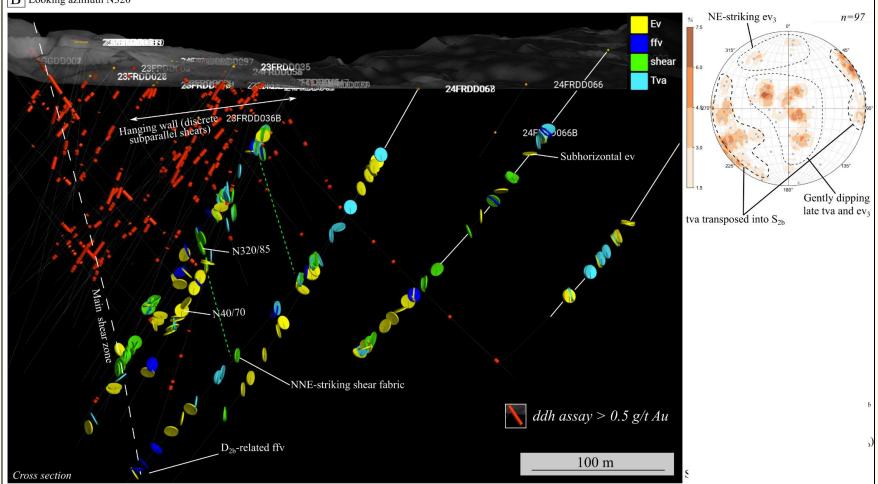




Froyo-Ginger Target Summary

• Oriented Core

B Looking azimuth N320

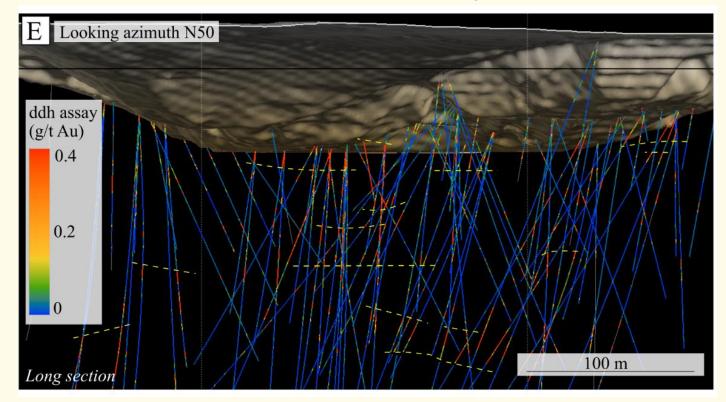


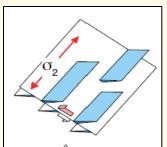


Froyo-Ginger Drill Target

- Subvertical slip direction identified at Froyo-Ginger
- Long axis of the ore shoot is perpendicular to the slip direction observed in the shear plane so subhorizontal ore shoot for dip-slip reverse shearing (= sigma2, fluid flow vector)

Ore shoot are subhorizontal and repeated at depth. The drilling should target same depth of identified ore shoot, along strike





Cox (2020)

Founders

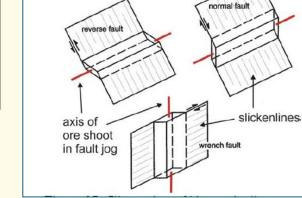
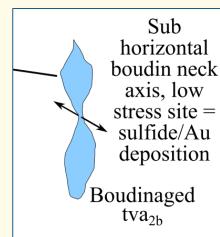
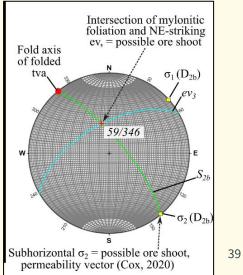


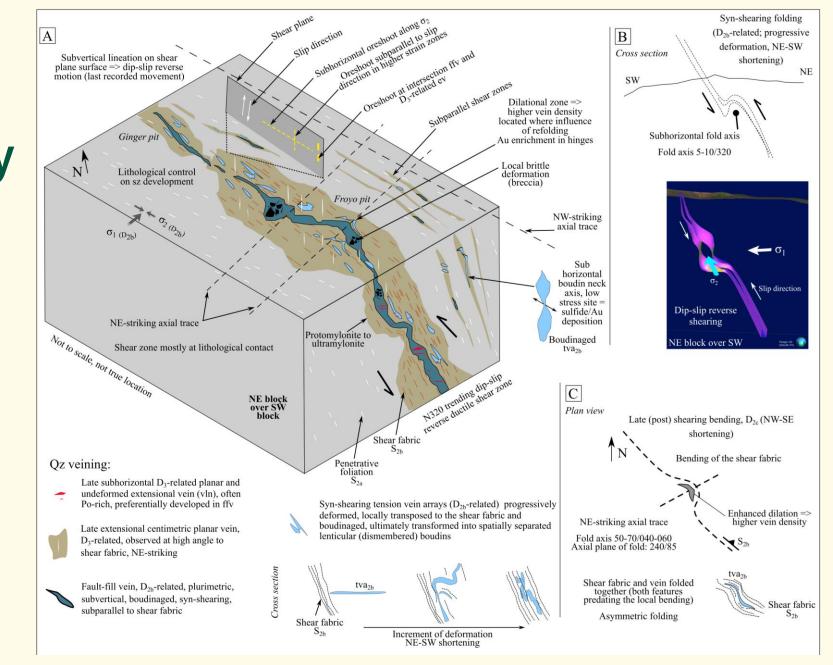
Figure 27. Illustration of kinematicallycontrolled ore shoot orientation in reverse, normal, and wrench fault systems. The long axis of the ore shoot is perpendicular to slickenlines in the fault plane. See Nelson (2006).





Froyo-Ginger Target Summary

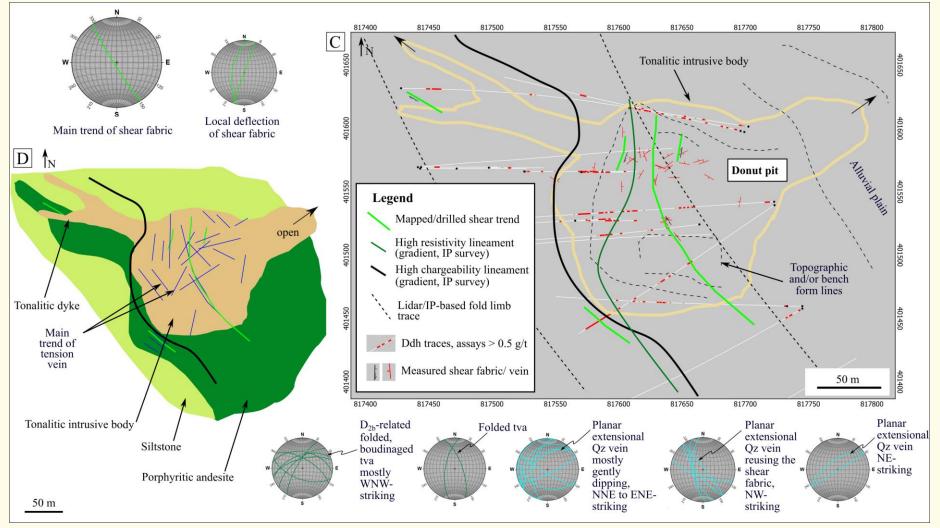
- Model for the Froyo-Ginger target
- Importance of folding







- Intrusion hosted, Au associated with internal shearing and brittle veining
- 19 m @ 14.23 g/t (24D007) and 45 m @ 2.16 g/t (24D006) D₃ deformation stage = NE trending

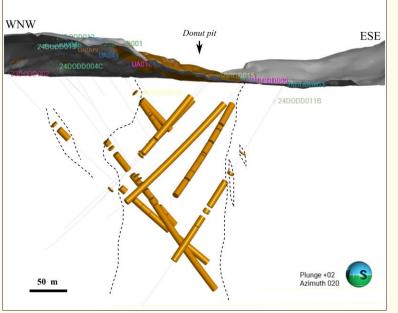


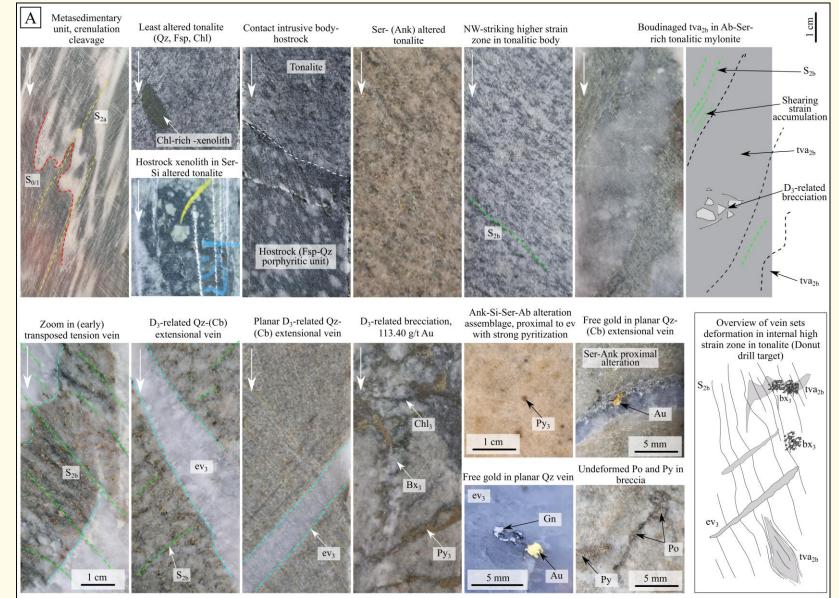




Main Observations

Founders

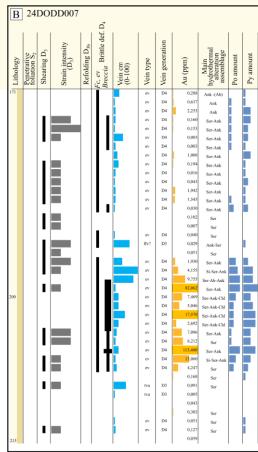


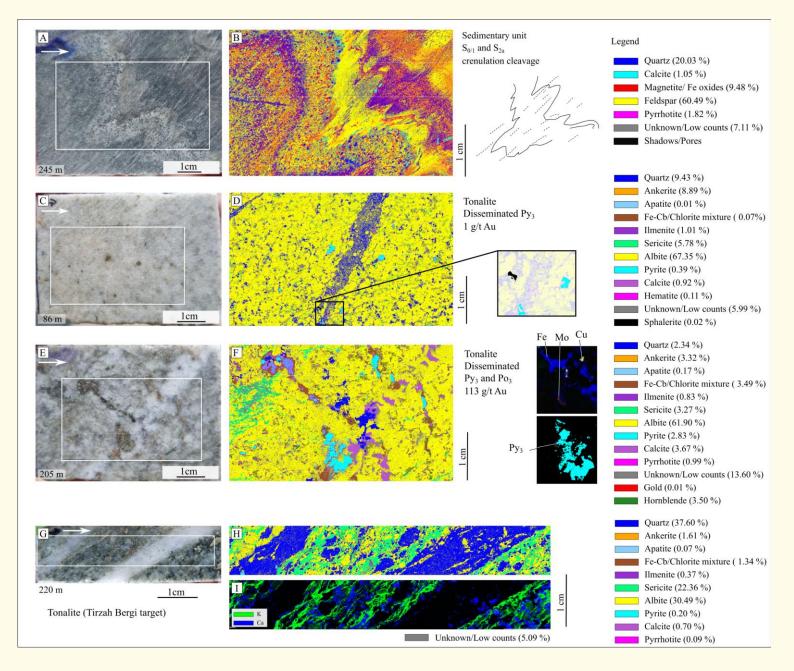


Donut Drill Target

 μ xrf scan

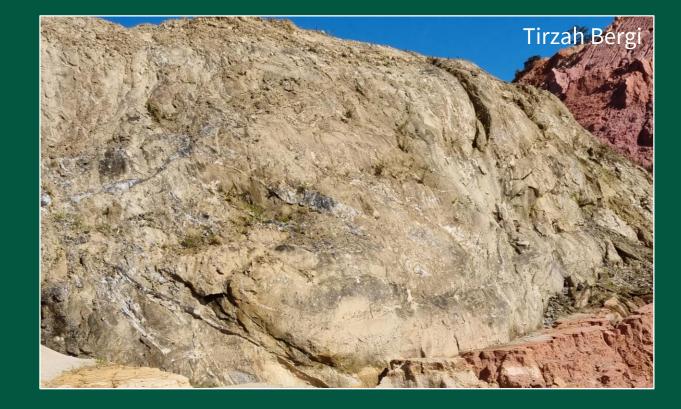
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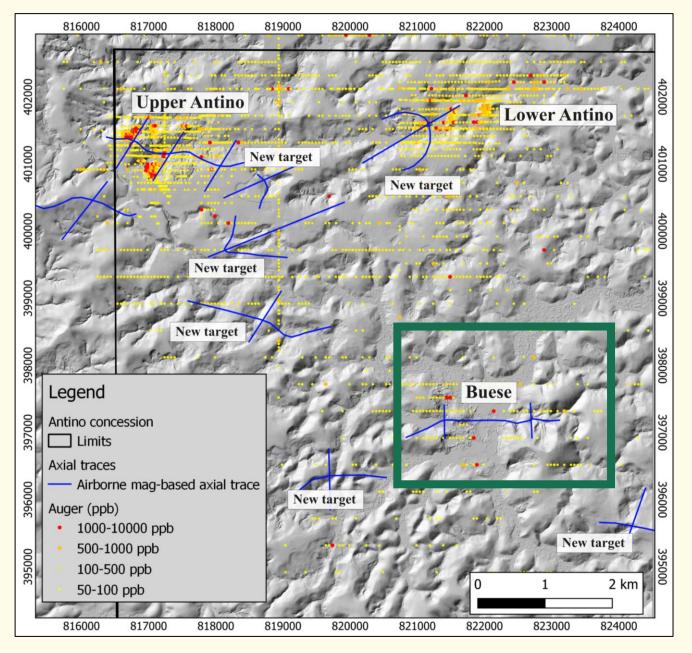


Buese Exploration Target





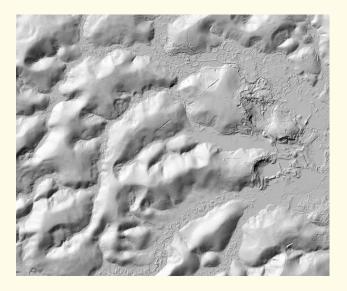


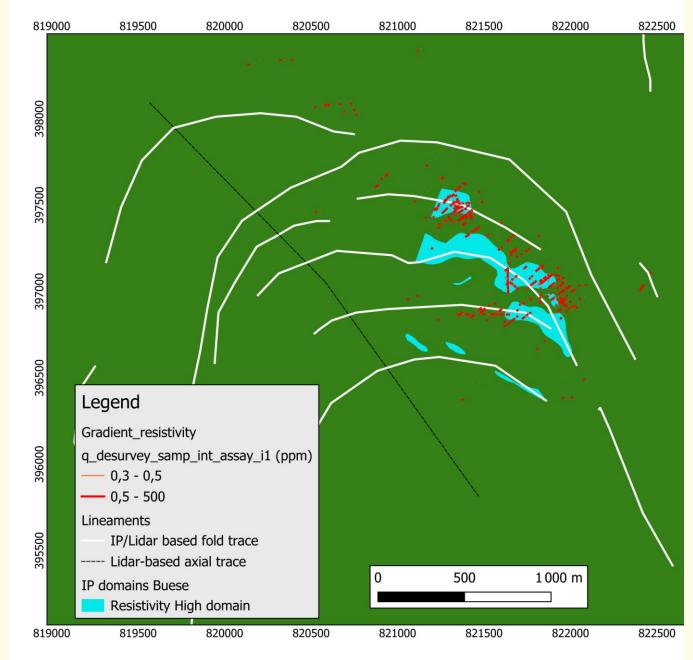




Buese Target Overview

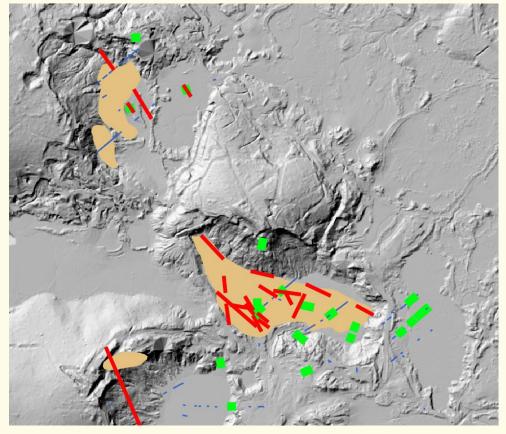
- Folded structure similar to Upper Antino
- Mainly intrusion-hosted



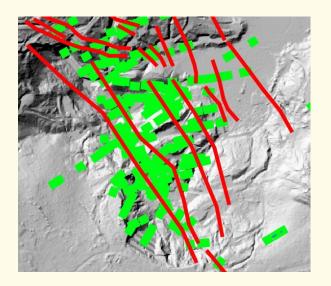


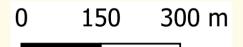


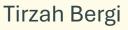
Tirzah Bergi Drilling



Froyo





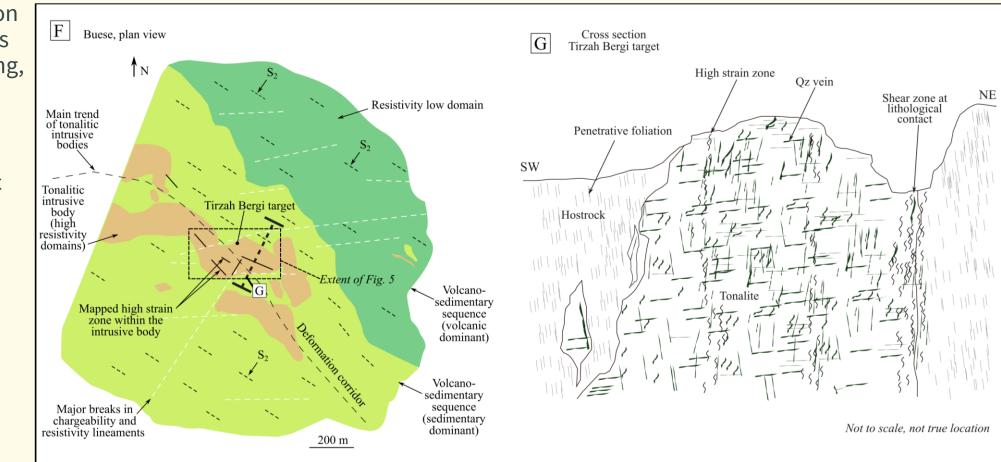






Buese Target Overview

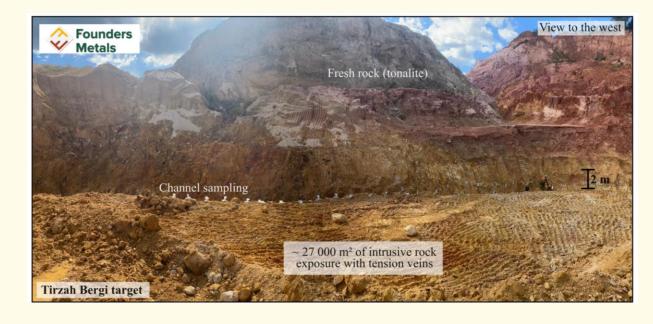
- Spatial distribution of intrusive bodies (based on mapping, historical drilling and IP survey)
- High resistivity domain= tonalitic bodies

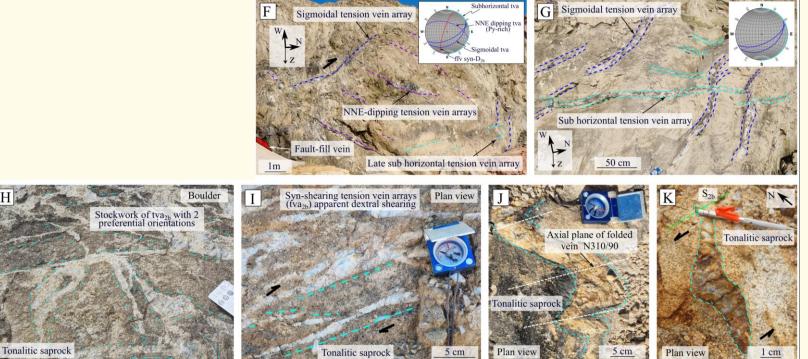




Tirzah Bergi Pit Mapping

- Large tonalitic body
- 4 sets of Qz vein are identified
- Multiple zones with a strong pyritization

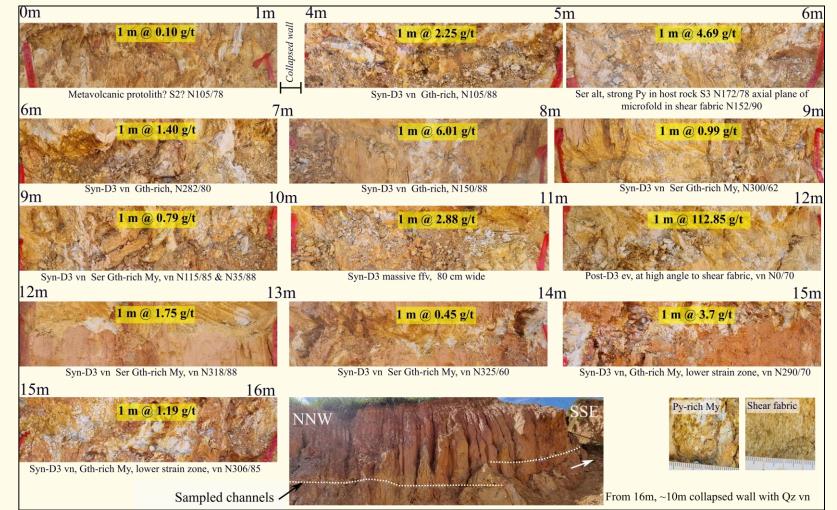






A Channel Sampling Tirzah Bergi

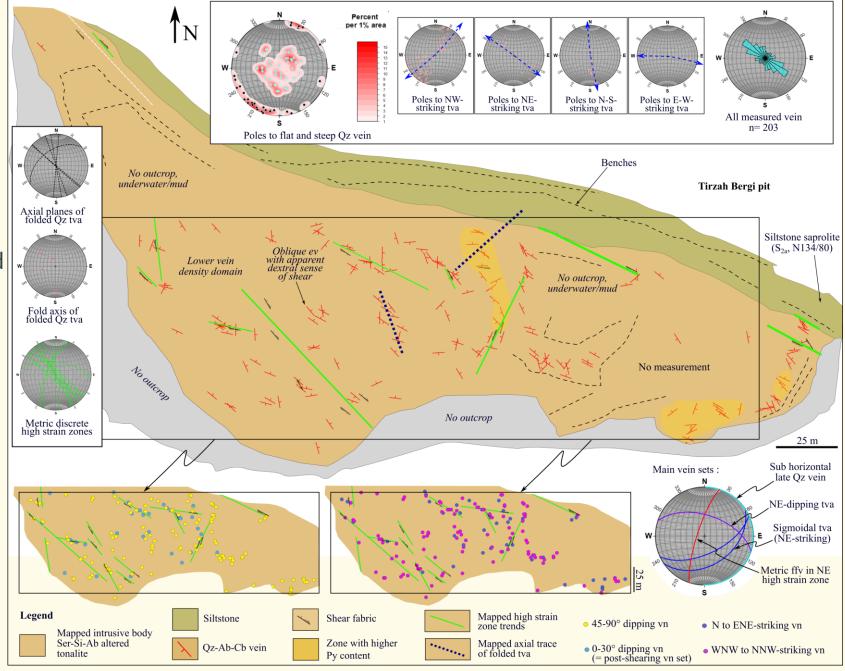
- The main shear zone located at the East of the pit was sampled
- 1m intervals
- 26m wide shear zone
- Although Buese is mainly intrusion-hosted, the shear zone-hosted mineralization itself seems volumetrically more important than at Upper Antino





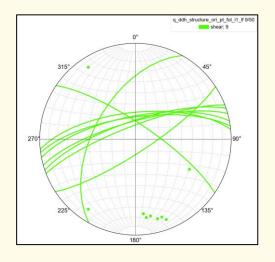
Tirzah Bergi Pit Mapping

- Large tonalitic body
- 4 sets of Qz vein are identified
- Multiple zones with a strong pyritization

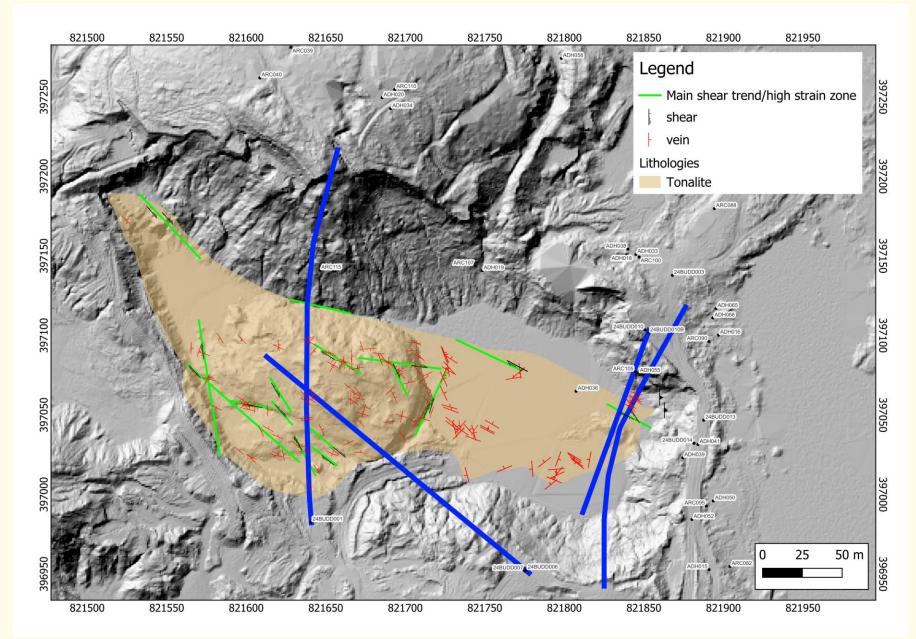




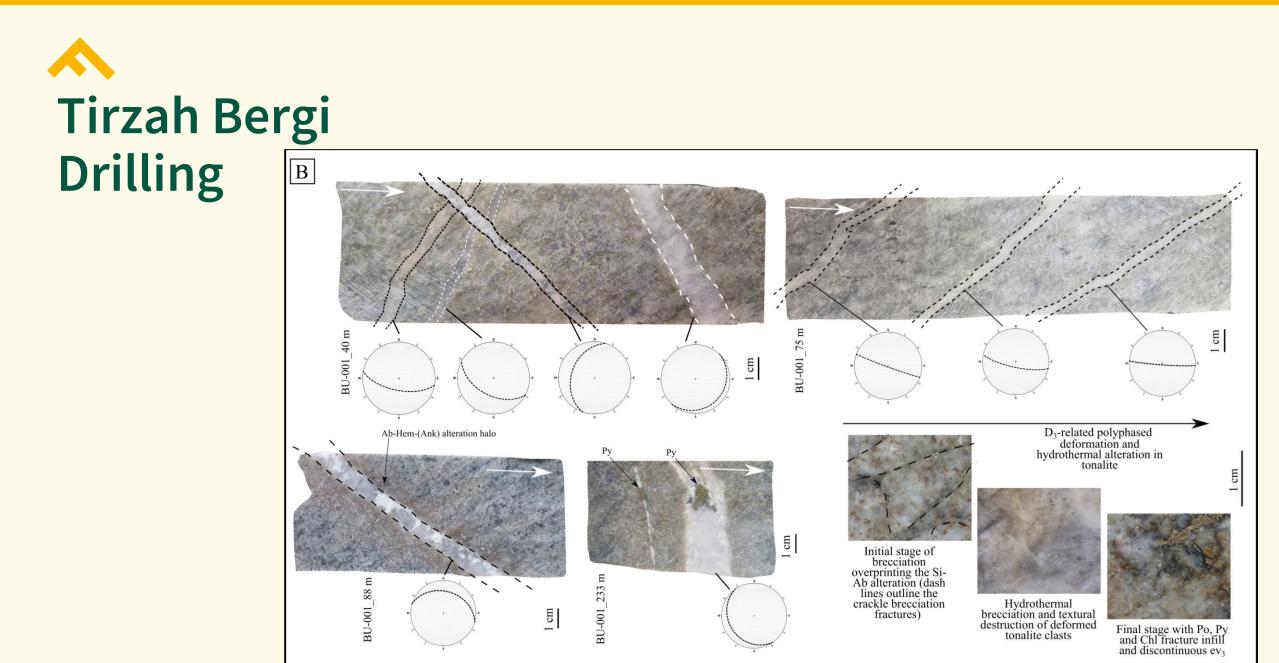
Tirzah Bergi Drilling



Internal metric Serrich high strain zone

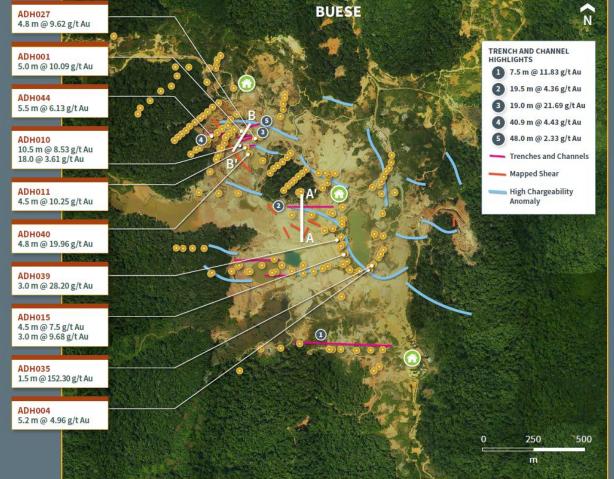


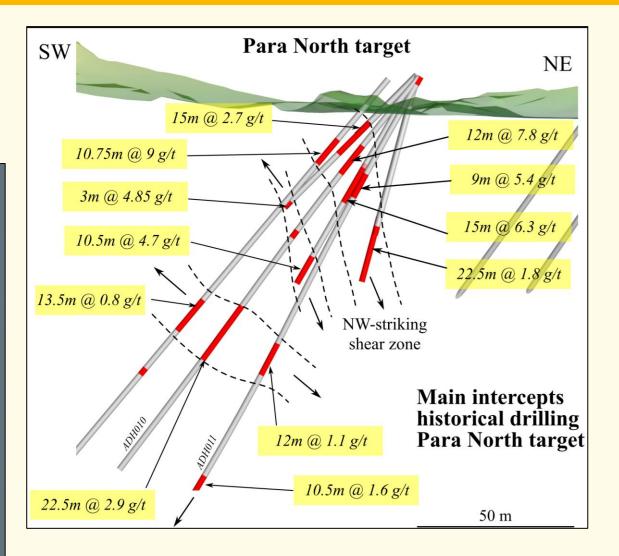






Para North Target





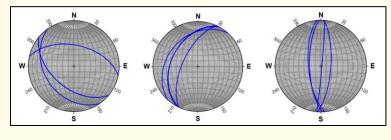
2024 drilling: 78 m @ 2,35 g/t Au -Shape intrusion -D3 overprinting

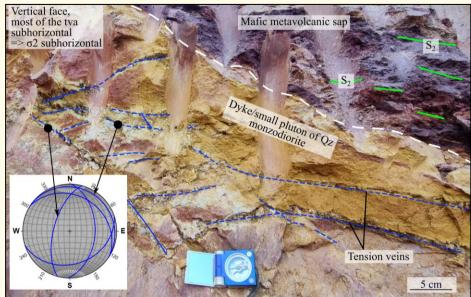


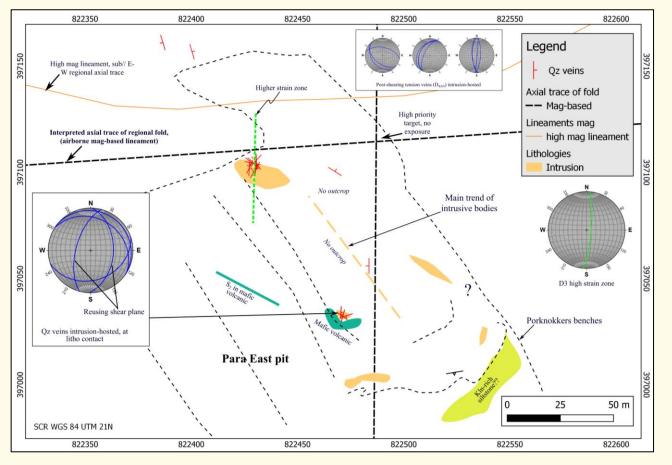
Para East Drilling

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- The intrusions are observed as small dykes and lenses
- High strain zone dipping to East
- Gold bearing vein striking N130/50, N200-220 and N-S

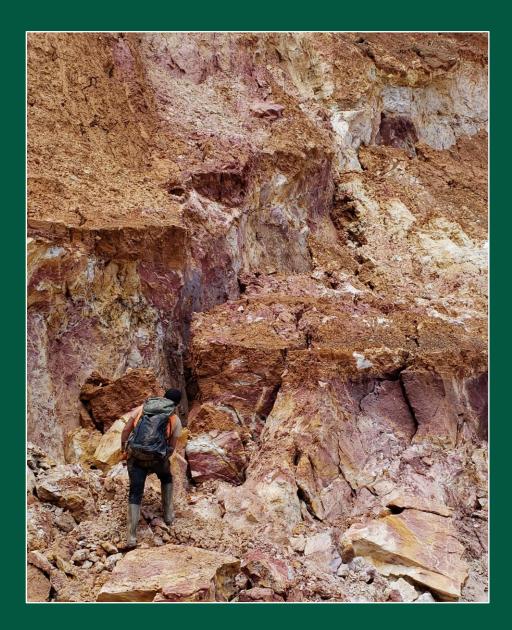




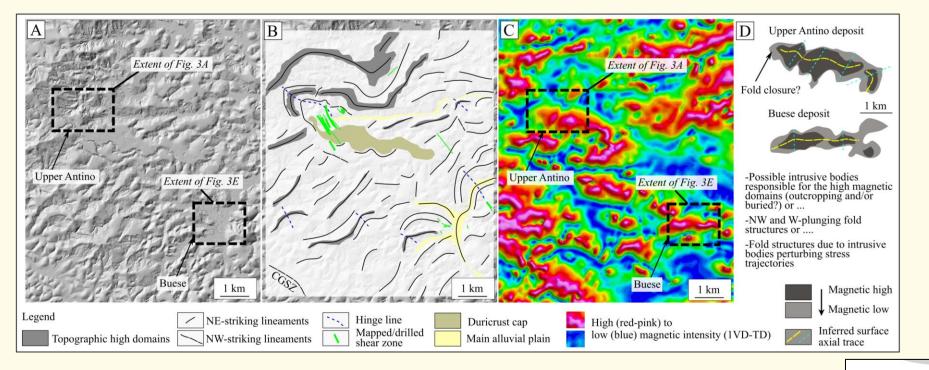


Summary UA & Buese

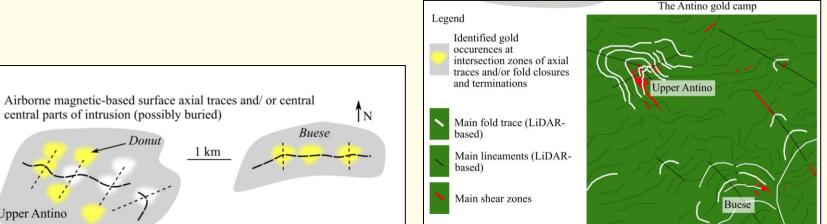




Structural controls, camp scale



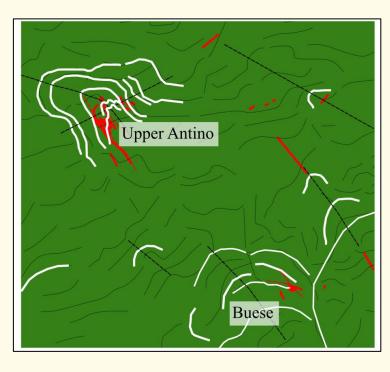
Upper Antino

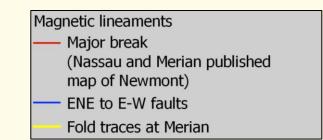


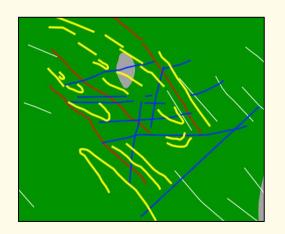


Structural controls, camp scale

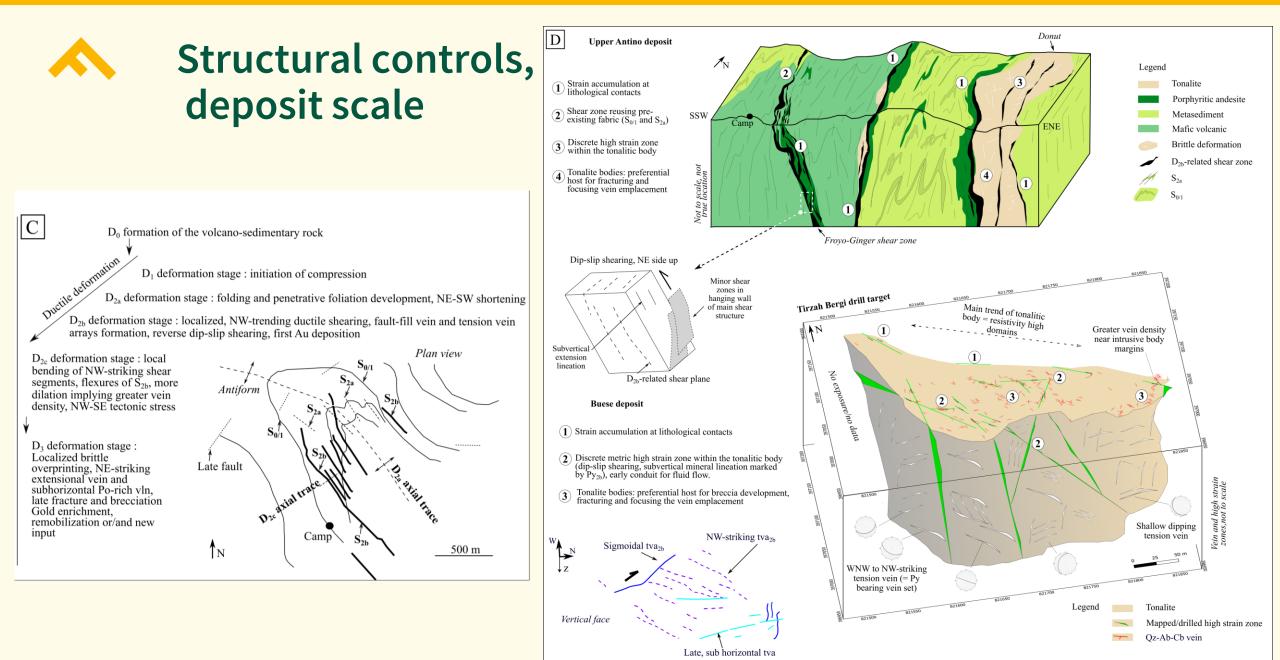
- Similarities with Merian
- NW axial planes
- NE to ENE late faults
- Late Po= higher Au content





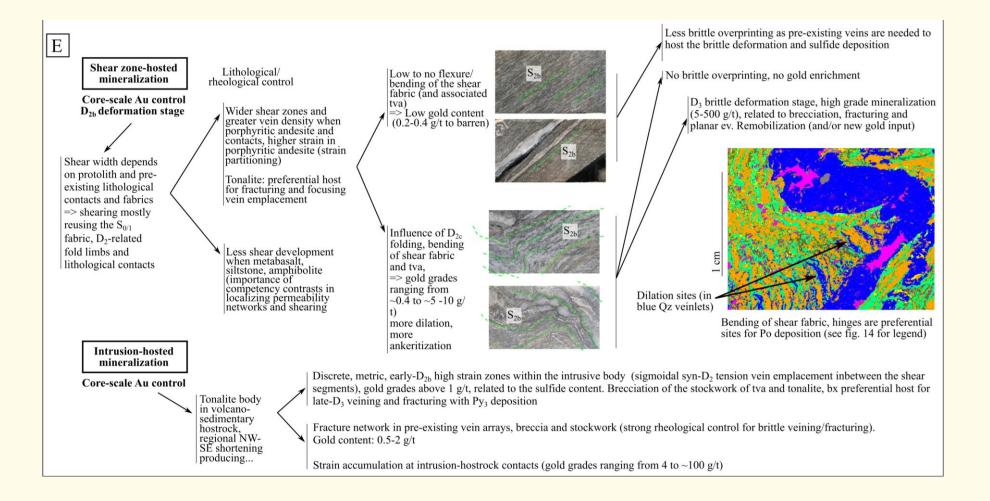






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Structural controls, macro/microscopic scale





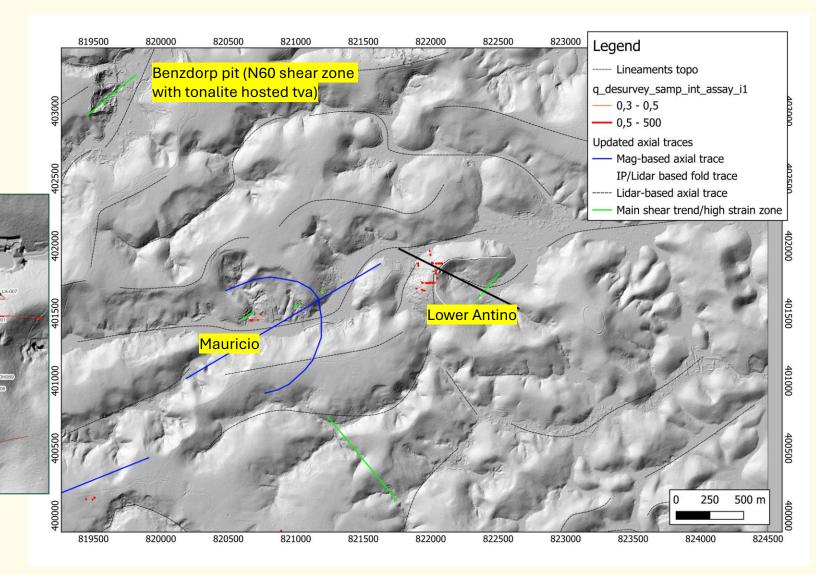
Lower Antino





Mauricio pit

Lower Antino

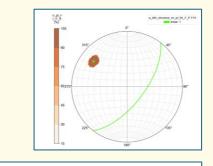


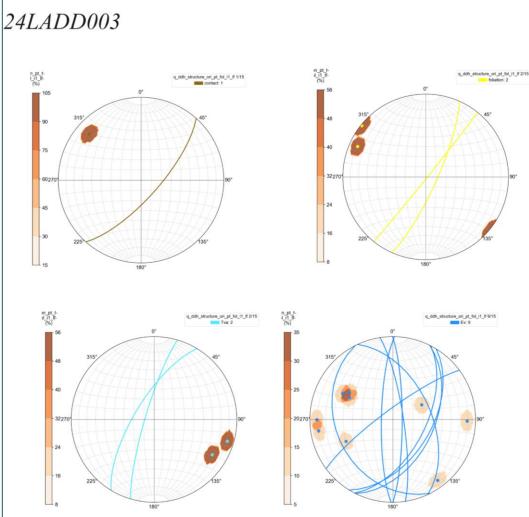


Lower Antino

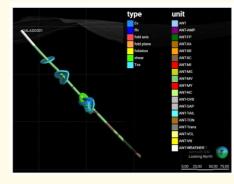
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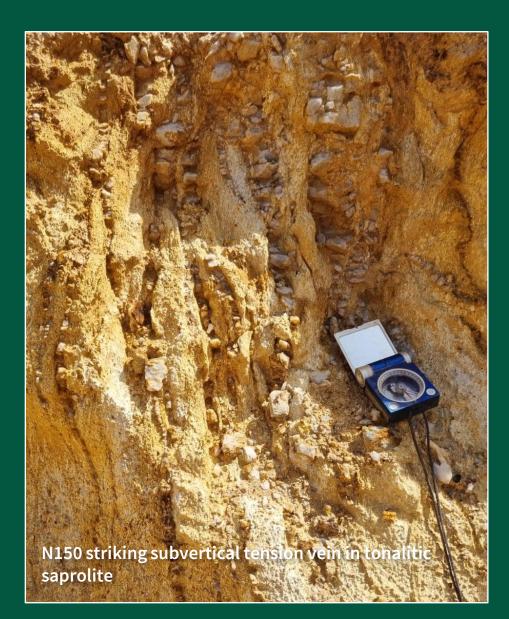


LA-003 91 m Disseminated Py And late fc with Py infill

Tonalite

Lawa Targets (Eastern part of the Antino Concession)





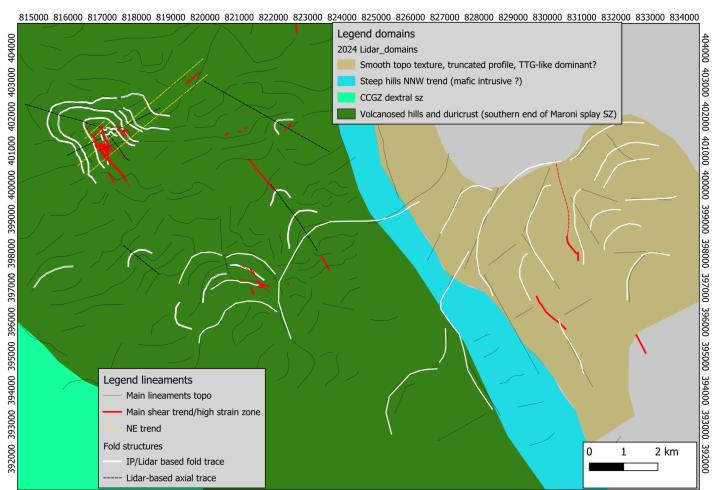
Lawa Target

Participant of the second seco

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preferentially hosted by a tonalite

Figure 1. Locations mapped at Lawa South and Parbo target (red rectangles) on 17th September 2024 Current mapping of Rayiez and Brandon



Mapping and sampling at Lawa allowed to identify a 2.7 km long trend with Qz vein subcrops

Two main pits referred as Lawa North and Lawa South are mapped

815000 816000 817000 818000 819000 820000 821000 822000 823000 824000 825000 826000 827000 828000 829000 830000 831000 832000 833000 834000

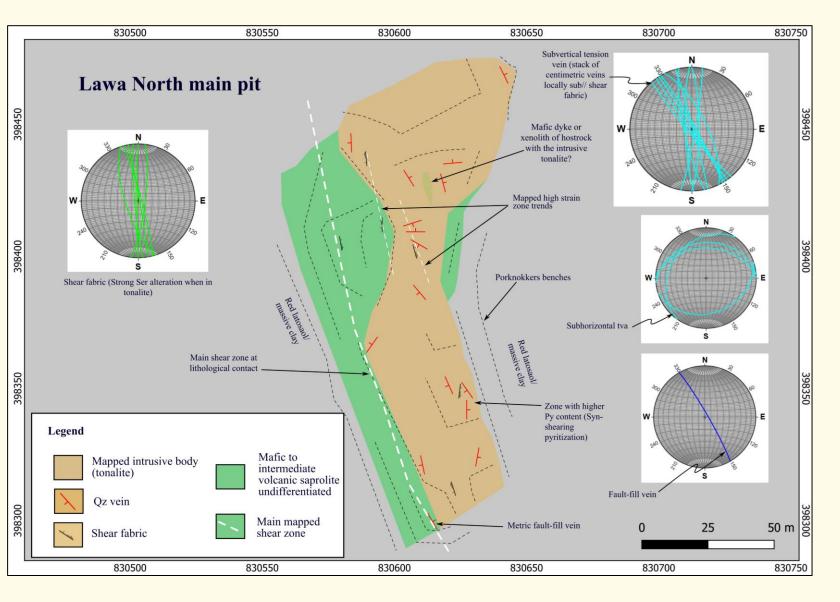




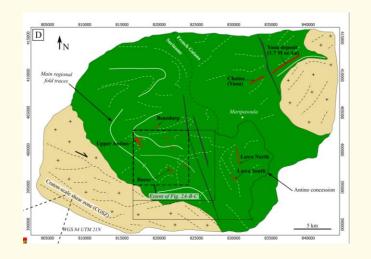
Lawa Target: Lawa North Pit

- Located at contact between a tonalite and a mafic volcanic hostrock
- Main shear with ffv at contact
- N150/85 shear
- Locally strong pyritization





Analogies with the Yaou deposit



But: Higher grades at Antino Po not observed at Yaou

- 1.5 M ounces average grade 2.1 g/t
- Shared settings with Buese and Donut pit:
- mostly intrusion-hosted mineralization, strong rheological control, tension veins in intrusive bodies, mainly subhorizontal, Py-rich and Mag-depleted with proximal Ab-Ank alteration halo

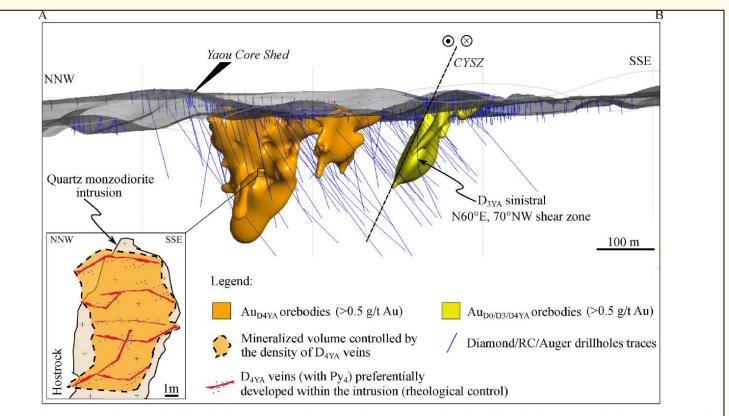


Fig. 5. Leapfrog Geo scene of the model with orebodies geometry at the camp-scale (central part of the deposit). Orebodies associated with D_{4YA} correspond to intrusive bodies enveloppes. See Fig. 4 for location.



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